JACK BRAND PILSENER
BREWED FROM THE FINEST ENGLISH HOPS.
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
B. SMYTH & CO. LTD.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,783—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1899.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY
SOUTH KENSINGTON
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE.)
CONTAINS OVER 200 APARTMENTS, FURNISHED WITH ALL MODERN LUXURY. TWO MINUTES FROM THE PARK, KENSINGTON GARDENS, IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, AND IN THE MIDST OF THE FASHIONABLE QUARTER.
HOTEL
MODERATE TARIFF.
QUEEN'S GATE TERRACE, LONDON, S.W.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

	Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M. 1899.
*	CALEDONIA	7358	F. H. Gordon	25th Nov.
M. L.	ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	2nd Dec.
*	PENINSULAR	8287	W. Wheler	9th "
M. L.	CALEDONIA	7358	E. Gordon	16th "
*	SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	23rd "
M. L.	PENINSULAR	8287	W. Wheler	30th "
				1900.
*	ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	6th Jan.
M. L.	EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	13th "
*	CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. London	20th "
M. L.	ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	27th "
*	ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Feb.
M. L.	CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. London	10th "
*	CALEDONIA	7358	E. H. Gordon	17th "
M. L.	ARABIA	7901	J. L. Parfitt	24th "
*	PENINSULAR	8287	W. Wheler	3rd Mar.
M. L.	CALEDONIA	7358	E. H. Gordon	10th "
*	EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	17th "
M. L.	PENINSULAR	8287	W. Wheler	24th "
*	ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	31st "
M. L.	EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	7th April,

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.
The steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and passengers tranship there for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH or LONDON.
The BRINDISI route is closed at present owing to quarantine.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

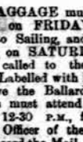
The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Porga en route.

For further particulars apply to

F. C. ALLEN,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 23rd September, 1899.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.



UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Dec. 1899.
IMPERATOR	G. Klausberger	4,149	1st Jan. 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Feb. 1900.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 395.	Rs. 156.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
POSEIDON	A. Lova	3,878	7th Dec., 1899.
VINDOBONA	C. Hellen	4,351	7th Jan., 1900.
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,253	7th Feb., 1900.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 980.	Rs. 675.
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 825.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	A. Mitis	5,095	23rd Dec., 1899.
FRANZ FERDINAND	G. Nicolich	6,044	7th Jan., 1900.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Nov., 22, 1899.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday,
ANNAM	6,300	Leonispellier	19th Dec. 1899.
OCEANIEN	4,249	Schmitz	18th Jan. 1900.
CALEDONIAN	4,232	Bonard	13th Feb. 1900.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "SALAZIE," 4,255 tons, Captain Allegre to sail on or about the 13th December, 1899. For weekly departures thereafter.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

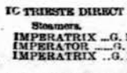
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)



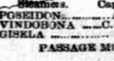
S.S. "KAGOSHIMA MARU," Captain R. NUNOME, 4,450 tons, will sail for SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN, on 1st proximo.

For freight and passage apply to

T. TAKAYANAGI,
Manager.
Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 21st Nov. 1899.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.



PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway Family employes, Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied, CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

...and book of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road,
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

REPORTS Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with accuracy and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 1st December, at 3 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on the 28th November, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 30th November, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingg, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order, (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 30th November.

FOR KURRACHEE, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,005 tons, on or about 30th November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MERKARA," 3,099 tons, on or about 7th December.

FOR COCHIN AND RANGOON.

S. S. "BHUNDARA," 2,936 tons, on or about 25th November.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE-WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore. Rates for Passengers and Cargo and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 24th November, 1899.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at LIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost o Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on application.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA AND Co.,

FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY:—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Jaghirdars of Native states will best consult their interests by employing this firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages deposit of title deeds.

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

LEGAL MATTERS, APPEALS, NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co., act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

OFFICES:

13, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
OVER Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. (Auctioneers.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

WINES.

COCKBURN'S BLACK SEAL PORT.
LONDON CLUB PORT.
KENNETH MACKENZIE AND CO.'S OLD PORTS.
LONDON CLUB SHERRY.
KENNETH MACKENZIE AND CO.'S SHERRIES.
JOH. STIFFT'S CARLOWITZ.
LIQUEUR,—BURKE'S SLOE GIN.

SPIRITS.

E. NORMANDIN AND CO.'S 1858 AND 1820 BRANDIES.
CORNEILLE AND CO.'S COGNAC.
JULES LANDY'S GENUINE OLD COGNAC.
HUNTLY BLEND WHISKY.
BURKE'S " " IRISH WHISKY.
CLUB BLEND "
BURKE'S GLENLIVET "
SLATER'S GLENLIVET "
O. H. L. LIQUEUR "
SLATER'S V. O. "
LAWSON'S LIQUEUR "
PRIVATE RESERVE "
BURKE'S OLD TOM AND DRY GINS.
MELROSE " " "
SLATER'S OLD HOLLANDS." "

ALE & STOUT.

TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.
BASS'S PALE ALE.
GUINNESS'S STOUT.
MACLAY'S & CO.'S PALE ALE AND STOUT.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.
Price List on Application.

GLIMPSES OF THE EAST.

40 LOVELY PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS, comprising the most picturesque and interesting places of INDIA, BURMAH, CEYLON, and the STRAITS with full descriptive matter. Size of views, 9 1-2 in. by 7 1-2 in.

Rs. 3 only, the complete set. Paper Cover.

JUST THINK OF IT!!!

A VIEW ALBUM, containing a set of 24 views of the most prominent places in CALCUTTA, DARJEELING, and SIMLA, bound neatly in Cloth. (GILT) Covers, Size of Views, 4 in. by 4 1-2 in. Rs. 1-8 each album—A grand thing for presentation or for friends abroad. Cash or V. P. P.

TRUSTT & CO.,
145-1, Dhurumtollah Street, Calcutta.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should send for particulars of the ORIENTAL'S LIFE POLICY.

THE Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India.

THE FUNDS EXCEED RS. 1,50,00,000.

Claims Paid Over NINETY LACS,

Since the Company was Established in 1874.

As the Expenses of Management are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, the "Oriental" can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptionable Benefits.

Moderate Premiums,
Unquestionable Security,
Liberal Surrender Values,
Immediate Settlement of Claims.

Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Office,

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Acting Manager.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

15, BANK STREET.

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION, ALSO HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers. FOR TERMS APPLY TO

VINCENT AND COMPANY.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

WINE AND SPIRIT DEPARTMENT.

THE WINES Imported by TREACHER & Co., are obtained from the Original Sources of supply and through Shippers of the Highest Repute. By exercising great care in selection, and especially in Storage in India, they are enabled to offer to their Customers Wines much over the average both in regard to Quality, Condition, and Value.

SHERRIES.
From the Celebrated Firm of Gonsalez Byass & Co.,
PORTS.
From Sandeman & Co.,
CHAMPAGNES.
Giesler's, Heidsieck's, Doyen & Co., and other Brands of high repute.
CLARETS.
Shipped direct from Bordeaux by P. Dubois & Co.,
HOCKS AND MOSELLES.
Imported from Coblentz through Deinhard & Co.,
HUNGARIAN AND AUSTRALIAN WINES.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.

(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.,

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

BRITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

To which has been transferred the business of

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE Co., LD.

ASSETS.....£2,470,000 PREMIUM AND INTEREST INCOME.....£370,000

Military and Naval Lives Assured on advantageous Terms.
Temperance Section for Europeans.
Special Bonus in the Temperance Section.
Native and European Lives Assured at uniform Rates.
Volunteers' Risks at ordinary rates without extra charge
Six per cent. Investment Policies.
Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.

AGENTS for the Bombay Presidency:—

LATHAM & Co., Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY PERFUMERY MART.

LARGEST & CHEAPEST HOUSE IN INDIA.

VARIETIES OF

PERFUMERY AND TOILETTE REQUISITES

FROM WELL KNOWN MANUFACTURERS, SUCH AS:—
PINAUD, PIVER, GELLE FRERES,
ROGER AND GALLET, FERD. MULHENS, AND OTHERS.

☞ COMPARE PRICES ☜

RHINE VIOLET, Rs. 1-8. PEARS SOAP, Rs. 0-12-6.
EAU DE QUININE PINAUD, Small, Rs. 1-2. Large, Rs. 2-4.
JAVA POWDER, Rs. 0-11.

Where MADAME BLANCHE will put in her APPEARANCE and DANCE-a-la-circle.

93, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

IMPORTANT TO CYCLISTS.

(The Triumph of the Creation is the Creation of the "Triumph")
Patronized by Royalty.

"THE RESILIENT TRIUMPH"

Has lately caused great commotion in the cycling world.

It is a Natural Spring Frame Bicycle of a register design.

The forks and frames of the RESILIENT, LADIES' AND GENTS', are so designed as to absorb the vibration before it reaches the rider, and at the same time to increase the strength of the frame by causing the strain to be distributed evenly over the entire machine. "Experts declare that the purpose of the "RESILIENT TRIUMPH" has been successfully accomplished, and as a natural sequence this type of machine is coming rapidly to the front as a first favourite."

British Journal of Commerce of July, 1899.

The attention of riders in the districts is specially drawn to the Resilient Triumph which is the most comfortable and easy-running bike on rough roads.

IMPORTANT.—The vibration-absorbing qualities of the Resilient "Triumph" will be apparent to any one who after having subjected it to a fair trial returns to a rigid diamond frame, when the difference in comfort of the "Resilient Triumph" will be found to be enormous.

The speed qualities of this machine are proved by the fact that Mr. W. S. Yeoman, of the Silverdall C.C., mounted on a standard pattern Resilient Triumph beat the Lands End to London Unpaced Record, by 2hrs. 37mins. on October 3rd, 1898, covering the entire distance in 25 hrs. 58 mins.

For fully illustrated catalogues, apply to the Sole-Agents:—

THE BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL CYCLE SUPPLY AGENCY,

Charni Road, Bombay, (Near Messrs STEPHENS and SONS' Stables.)

(Orders are being registered to prevent disappointment.)

FREE BY POST.

NEW CATALOGUE OF
WATCHES
CLOCKS,
JEWELLERY,
OPTICS,
SILVERWARE,
ELECTRO-PLATE,
PIANOFORTES,
MUSICAL BOXES,
BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Phillips & Co., Limited.

[ESTABLISHED UPWARDS OF QUARTER OF A CENTURY.]
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES AT MALABAR HILL AND POONA.

HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES.

	Rs. a.
NATURE'S TONIC.—A most efficacious Liver Tonic, correcting the drowsy feeling, clearing the head, and acting as a preventive against the many minor troubles arising from derangement of the Stomach and Liver. Per bottle	1 8
LAXATIVE GRANULES.—For habitual constipation Produce a painless peristaltic action of the bowels, acting at the same time as a tonic to the nerves and thus prevanting reaction. Per bottle	1 0
PETROLEUM HAIR WASH.—A cooling cleanly wash for the Hair stimulating growth and preventing falling off. It is PERFECTLY SAFE. Per bottle	1 8
FRUIT LINCTUS.—A well-known and long-tried remedy for Coughs and Colds. Should be in every household. Per bottle As. 8 and	0 14
FEBRICURA.—A new combination for the cure of Fever both in the hot and cold stages. Its effects are described by patients as simply marvellous. It never fails to cure native servants of fever of all kinds, being particularly adapted to the native constitution, and should be in every house for this purpose. Per bottle	1 0
CHEMICAL FOOD.—The strengthing tonic for Children. Per bottle Re. 1 and	1 0
EASTON'S SYRUP.—The well known nerve tonic. Per bottle, Rs. 1-8 and	1 12
CHOLERA DROPS.—For the immediate relief and cure of all kinds of diarrhœa and bowel complaints. Per bottle	0 14

ALL THE ABOVE ARE PREPARED AND SOLD BY

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

HAVANA CIGARS.

TO MEET THE DEMAND WHICH WE BELIEVE EXISTS IN INDIA FOR

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST HAVANA TOBACCO

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices:—

"MULETA" Principes
4 7/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3-8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"MULETA" Graciosos
3¾ inches. Rs. 13-4 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

GENUINE
HUSCHKE'S
COLOGNE WATER.
(LEADING BRAND SINCE 1842.)

HAS been imported into THIS COUNTRY CONTINUALLY and in increasing quantities for the last 40 years. This fact proves that its excellent qualities are well understood and appreciated by the public. Imitations have reached this market and inferior brands have been put forward, bearing labels closely imitating the Genuine Huschke 3 Star Label. All such imitations will be prosecuted, and the public are requested to beware of them, and to see that the label on each bottle and box bears the 3 Stars in Blue, and on the back of the Label, as seen through the bottle, the inscription:

"GENUINE HUSCHKE'S COLOGNE WATER"

To be had from all Chemists and Druggists in every part of India.

RUSTOMJEE MANECKJEE & CO.,
18, PARSEE BAZAAR, FORT, BOMBAY.
SOLE DEALERS IN INDIA AND CEYLON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MUIR MILLS CO.,
LIMITED,
Cawnpore.

DURRIES! DURRIES! DURRIES!
Speciality, New Style,
BORDERED CARPETS.

FARASH! FARASH! FARASH!
NEWEST and Best designs in the Market.

TENTS! TENTS! TENTS!
CATALOGUE AND ESTIMATES FREE
On Application To MANAGER and SECRETARY.

THE SUPERIORESS OF
ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT,
BANDORA,
Has much pleasure in inviting the Friends and Benefactors of the Institution to patronize the two entertainments
ON THE 25TH AND 27TH NOVEMBER, RESPECTIVELY.
ON SATURDAY, 25TH, CONSISTING OF
"FIVE TABLEAUX VIVANTS."
Taken from the life of Mary, Queen of Scots, with corresponding music and declamation:
ON MONDAY, 27TH,
Of a Comedy in one Act,
"PRIDE AND HUMILITY,"
With vocal and instrumental music.
The heavy expenses incurred by the erection of new buildings and other contemplated improvements oblige the sisters to have recourse to this means of paying entertainments to obtain in this manner a substantial help to defray the heavy expenses.
TICKETS:—
Reserved at Rs. 2, each day; Non Reserved, Rs. 1; Children under 12, (half price) may be bought at the Convent, Messrs HOSE and Co., and the office of The "Times of India."
The entertainments will commence at 5-30 P. M., in the Convent Hall, which has been enlarged.

THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

SUBSCRIBERS to the above Fund are requested to pay their SUBSCRIPTIONS to the account of above Fund into the Bank of BOMBAY or to the UNDERSIGNED.

GOVERDHANDAS GOCALDAS TEJPAL,
PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA,
BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA,
FAZALBHOY VISHRAM,
N. S. GLAZEBROOK,
NARANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS,
Honorary Secretaries.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

THE DINNER will take place in the TOWN HALL, on the EVENING of 30th Instant, at 8 P.M.
Subscriber's Ticket Rs. 20.
Guest's " Rs. 15.
The LISTS will positively CLOSE on SATURDAY, 25th Instant. Subscribers are requested to send the names of their guests at once and obtain Tickets from
G. MILLER,
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) ..... Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

THE CHILTERNS, WENDOORERS, BUCKS.

THE Revd. C. E. R. ROBERTS, M.A., (St. John's Coll. Oxon) Assisted by qualified Masters receives TWENTY BOYS (6 to 14 years) to prepare for Public Schools and Royal Navy. Grounds 23 acres; Gymnasium; Bathing, etc. Beautiful and healthy situation among the Chiltern Hills, 35 miles from London. Inclusive fees £39 a Term. Entire charge of Boys. REFERENCES, Halton, Tring, England

---

XMAS CARDS.
LARGEST VARIETY
BEST SELECTION.
Thousands of Beautiful Artistic Designs.
OUR SPECIAL LINE
INDIAN XMAS CARDS.
These Indian Cards are daily increasing in popularity. They have elicited Great Praise. Most flattering Press notices.
D. B. TARAPOREVALA SONS & Co.,
MEDOWS STREET BOMBAY.

"LINSEED COMPOUND," Trade Mark of KAY'S COMPOUND ESSENCE OF LINSEED.
"LINSEED COMPOUND," a demulcent expectorant for Coughs and Colds.
LINUM CATHARTICUM PILLS, digestive, corrective and agreeably aperient.
KAY'S CUE CEMENT.—Tips Billiard Cues firmly. "Your Cement is the best I have ever used."—JN. ROBERTS (Champion), 1866.
COAGULINE.—Transparent Cement for Broken Articles.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summaries of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date, as per Shipping Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1890 and 1897 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1890 and 1897, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Singl Copy ... .Annas 4.
Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road,

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over NINE Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.
N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

A pure wholesome stimulant
MATHERS
EXTRA QUALITY.
FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
Matured in Sherry Wood. Age and Quality Guaranteed
Of all leading Wine Merchants.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

THE INDIAN EDITION of The New Premier Cycle Co.'s HELICAL TUBE BICYCLES can now be obtained, post free, on application to the Sole Agents.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ltd.,—Beautiful, New, CHARMING CRETONNES, CHINTZES, TAPESTRIES. Patterns on application.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.—S. P. C. K., DEPOT, 41, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Nux Vomica. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SHROFF BROTHERS XMAS BAZAR IS now OPEN, Further extention of Premises at Hornby Row. Business kept open till Late hours.

XMAS CARDS from one pice each, Xmas Toys and Xmas Presents, All Choicest Novelties to suit every purse. Inspection solicited.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT OFFERED to all Xmas Tree holders having special terms this year from all Leading manufacturers, Compare Prices at SHROFF BROTHERS.

BONA-FIDE SALE of Mr. H. A. Vakil's Valuable furniture by "Roberts and Wimbridge," large Marble Statues, Dresdan figures, piano, horses, carriages, Austrian Cawn. &c., at "Village View" Doongersey Road, Malabar Hill, TO-DAY, at 1 P.M.

ON VIEW.—Mr. JOHN M. Heyn's Valuable furniture, Mignon Grand Piano, Ladies' and Gent's Bycicles, etc., at Ezra Building, Apollo Bunder. TO BE SOLD on 28th Instant.

MATHERAN.—A GOOD OPPORTUNITY for students to recoup their exhausted energy—Students of Schools and Colleges and those that appeared in the last University Examinations, will be admitted at Reduced Rates to Lord's Hotels.—Apply to H. N. LORD, Matheran.

GENT'S DRESS JACKET for Evening Wear, Rich Silk Collar and Lining, from Rs. 40. West End Styles. Gent's DRESS SUITS, from Rs. 85. West-End Style. Best Cashmeres, Rich Silk Lining and Facings. Superior Finish. ASQUITH & LORD, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE.—An old well-established COACH FACTORY, on account of the death of the owner. Apply to "J." care of this paper.

PRESSED-HAY of good quality can be supplied in large quantities in Bombay or Mofussil. Apply No. "42" care of this Paper.

SINGING LESSONS.—MADAM SCHULTZ in addition to PRIVATE TUITION has now OPENED a CLASS for Singing at a Reduced Rate. Apply 5, Colaba Causeway.

RUBBER CARRIAGE TYRES can be fitted to any ordinary Wooden Wheels at strictly moderate prices. W. H. THOINS and Co., BOMBAY and SECUNDERABAD.

FLOWER BOQUETS, for presentation on WEDDING, BIRTHDAY, and other festive occasion. Also splendid Flower Baskets. Apply to HORMUSJEE ARDESHER DUBASH, Floral Artist and Decorator, Girgaum.

WANTED, a MIDWIFE and NURSE, from the middle of December.—Apply stating terms and Qualifications to "No 76," care of this Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

TO BE LET.—A spacious well-furnished BUNGALOW, at Malabar Hill. Apply, care of Manager, "Bombay Gazette."

TO LET.—For Cold Season, Mr. DOUGLAS' BUNGALOW, about the best situation at Mahableshwar. Four complete suites of rooms besides Drawing-room, Dining room, &c., Carriage house and stables. Bungalow lately renovated. Apply J. JOLLY, Sangli.

TO BE LET.—Furnished BUNGALOW at MATHERAN.—Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan, Jail Road.

NEW SCHEME (amended) only two Rates of Subscription, Rs. 50 and Rs. 25, entitling the Ticket Holder to a Discount of 25 per cent. and 20 per cent. on our Price List. For further particulars, please apply to MANAGER, RAJA DEEN DAYAL and SONS, Art Photographic Salon, Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Row, Bombay.

VOICE from Madras.—C. Green, Esq., Retired Salt Officer and Secy. to Rajah Vencogopala Bahadur, writes on 19th May, 1896:—I suffered with fever for 19 days and had two doctors in attendance, but their Medicines did me no good. I was then recommended to try Ballwalla's Ague Mixture and with few doses the fever left me and I had no return of it since. Ballwalla and Co.'s Cholera is as effective in Cholera as Ballwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture are effective in fevers. It has never failed in cases of Cholera, and you are requested to send for its testimonials. Ballwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Ballwalla and Co.'s Cholera are sold everywhere, at Re. 1 per bottle, or are sent by Dr. PATLIWALLA, Worlee, Dadur, Bombay Discount to the Trade

RODIVOS' Noviss Lever Watches by H. J. Cooper of London.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 4, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS AND MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches, in all sizes for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60. Celestinas, Phœnix, Intona, Aristons, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical Boxes of every description thoroughly overhauled, repaired, cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrean, Harmoniums put in thorough repair and overhauled by experienced and trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching and carefully packed. Repairs undertaken in all Branches. No 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An Indispensible Book for Travellers,—in India and the East, contains the Revised Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 4 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and ready.—Chuckli, No. 6.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed, Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 1560, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Komp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-2 per case, at Bombay, and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-2 per case, at Bandora.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3; to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

CORN AND WART DESTROYER.—A safe, rapid and painless solvent for Corns and Warts. This is a chemical combination of Xyloidine and Salicylic Acid with extract of Indian Hemp. In Bottles, As. 12 each. Prepared only by THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road Bombay.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

MATHERAN GRANVILLE HOTEL.—"The Countess of Leitrim and her daughters were very pleased with the GRANVILLE HOTEL which they found quite comfortable in every way.

PIANOS Repaired and Tuned, Harmoniums Repaired and Tuned with a year's guarantee. Charges moderate.—STEFFENAUER and Co., 6, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

TO BE LET
A SPACIOUS WELL-FURNISHED
BUNGALOW
AT MALABAR HILL,
Apply, care of MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

A BOON TO MEN.

A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN, including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections, by local absorption, revised and in progress, with the most advanced researches in the subject. Sent, in a plain sealed envelope, free of charge, by S. NORTON, 59 and 60, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON, ENGLAND. Established 30 Years.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.
Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette"
And a Lecture by
BEAUCLERK
Price 8 Annas
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay
Messrs. THACKER SPINK and Co., Calcutta
Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 60 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
JAMES HAWKES & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
O. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Côtes d'Or
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vdelan.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

ROBERT PORTER & CO'S.
BULL DOG BOTTLING OF
BASS'S ALE
and
GUINNESS'S STOUT,
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants and Hotels.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE
WHISKEY.
Please see you get it with
METAL CAPSULES { BLUE.....One Star. PINK.....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars
OF ALL DEALERS
Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.
C. DAY & Co., LONDON.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!
ONE OF THE FINEST
SCOTCH WHISKIES
ever imported into this country is
Messrs. PETER KEEGAN & CO'S
OLD HIGHLAND "BALMORE" WHISKEY.
ESTABLISHED 1820.
HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AND FIRST GOLD MEDAL, INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1897.
Nothing Finer or Better. Supplied to all the Crack Hotels and Restaurants of Bombay.
Every bottle bears a certificate from the great eminent Physician, Analyst and Scientist, Sir CHARLES A. CAMERON, K.C., M.D.; D.Ph.; Professor of Chemistry and Hygiene, L. K. Q. C. P. I., F. R. C. S. I., &c., &c.
Try it only once and you will never like any other. Absolutely pure and well matured.
Benefit of introduction at Specially Low Rates to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
To be had RETAIL of Messrs. B. PHILLIPS and Co. Ld.; KEMP and Co., Ld.; FELICE CORNAGLIA.; MORENAS and Co.; D. C. UMRIGUR, &c., &c.
Apply for further particulars at the HEAD OFFICE, 18, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
TRADE THERAPION MARK.
This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.
THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.
THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.
THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.
THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per Package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

DOCTOR MENIST
SPECTACLES!
REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Steel & Nickel. Rs.
With Turnpin Side	30	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	12
With Cur	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S
Finest quality EBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.
Our new "Movilette" Frame which has gained universal admiration
THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.
Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE
SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SIEMENS BROS., & Co.,
LIMITED.
ELECTRICAL
AND
TELEGRAPH ENGINEERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
India-Rubber, Gutta-Percha, and Lead-Covered Cables and Wires for Telegraph, Telephone, and Electric Light Work, Dynamos, Alternators, Reversible Motors.
CONTRACTORS FOR
Submarine Cables and Land Lines, Electric Railways and Tramways, Central Stations and Transmission of Power by Electricity.
SOLE AGENTS:
TURNER, HOARE & Co.,
ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS,
8, Elphinstone Circle,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000
HEAD OFFICE.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Singapore.	Hankow,
Calcutta,	Bangkok.	Foochow.
Rangoon.	Kwala Lumpor.	Manila.
Colombo,	Batavia,	Yokohama.
Penang.	Sourabaya.	Kobe.
Thaiping.	Hongkong.	Tientsin.
Deli (Sumatra).	Shanghai.	

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credit; and undertake general banking business.
FIXED DEPOSITS
are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT. per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.
JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.
Bombay Agency, Elphinstone Circle.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £300,000
HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities
ROBT. R. ROSS,
Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yens 12,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... " 12,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 7,500,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Fransisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, Hongkong and Tientsin.
BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK
The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY AGENCY:
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
Y. MATSUO,
Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—MADRAS.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1886.
BRANCHES at Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Kurrachee, Rawalpindi, Murree, and London.

	Rs.
PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	40,00,000
RESERVES AND REST	11,13,575
SECURITY PROVIDED FOR DEPOSITORS...	51,13,575

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum up to Rs. 10,000 in the event of the balance not falling below Rs. 500.
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for Home Remittances receive 4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Receipts issued for 3 years at 6 per cent., 24 months at 5 1-2 per cent., 12 months at 5 per cent., 6 months at 4 1-2 per cent., 3 months at 4 per cent. per annum. special rates are given for Short Terms Deposits during the busy season.
PRUDENTIAL, OR PROVIDENT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received, carrying 5 per cent. interest, compounded half-yearly.
N. B.—The Bank will also transfer sums for Deposit or Credit in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.
Accounts are opened and Receipts issued in the name of "either or survivor."
CHEQUES, BILLS, HUNDIS and CURRENCY NOTE of any Circle are collected and credited, free of charge, in and of the Interest Deposit Accounts.
CREDITS, LOANS, BILLS, and PROMISSORY NOTES negotiated.
INVESTMENT ORDERS on London Stock Exchange under Code with London Branch.
Rules and Particulars obtainable at any office of the Bank.
By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay, 30th June, 1899.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 110,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE:
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. and O. S.N. Co.)
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
EWEN CAMERON, JOHN WALTER, } Managers.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 4 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received on terms which may be learnt on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
G. H. TOWNSEND,
67, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 64 Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL
"THE WORLD KNOWN HOTEL."
WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL, ANNEXE,
THE HOTEL DE LUXE OF INDIA."
THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS OF THESE HOTELS
are under the direct Control of
NINE EXPERIENCED EUROPEANS.
A Staff unequalled by any Establishment of its kind in India.
THE CUISINE AND SITUATION ARE UNRIVALLED IN BOMBAY.
Apply To MANAGER,
WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL
OR
TO MANAGER,
WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL, ANNEXE.

"ORION" BRAND OF SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WINES.
SOLE IMPORTERS
FOR WESTERN INDIA.
LATHAM & CO., BOMBAY AND KARACHEE.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF
THE EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD,
WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.
HEAD OFFICE: 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY
SEE REPORT AND OPINIONS OF THE PRESS AS TO THE REMARKABLE PROGRESS MADE BY THE COMPANY.
ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITABLE POLICY
FOR Rs. 3,000.
PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.
If, at any time, the assured under this plan, should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy for Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.	
At age 20,	Rs. 6-9-0
At age 25,	Rs. 7-8-0
At age 30,	Rs. 8-14-0
At age 35,	Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40,	Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45,	Rs. 18-10-0

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
Absolute Security.
* Funds invested in Government Securities and in accordance with the Indian Trust Act.
* Policy holders can appoint their own Directors.
90 per cent. of Profits to Participating Policy holders.
Policies simple in form, worldwide and indisputable.
Lapsed policies revived without fine.
Liberal Surrender Values. 40 per cent. of the Tabular premiums paid.
Loans to Policy holders at 6 per cent. interest.
Guaranteed 5 per cent. Investment Policies. Life and Endowments.
Immediate payment of Claims.
Non-forfeitable though Suicide.
Medical fees and stamps on Policies are payable by the Company.
* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers these guarantees of Security.
The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.
GUARANTEE INSURANCE.—This Company issues Guaranteed Policies in situations of trust and responsibility. It is specially authorized to guarantee the employes of the Post Office.
Proposal Forms and full Particulars may be obtained from any local Agent in India or from
E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

DANTRA'S CELEBRATED TEA.
IN 1, 5 and 10 lbs. AIR-TIGHT ROUND TIN BOXES.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a.
ROYAL ORANGE PEKOE .....Per lb.	2 0 0	ORANGE PEKOE .....Per lb.	1 0
ROSE ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 12 0	PEKOE ..... "	0 14
GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 8 0	PEKOE SOUCHONG ..... "	0 14
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 4 0	SOUCHONG ..... "	0 13

Our 13 years standing in the Trade is a sufficient guarantee for the Genuine and Superior Quality and Moderate Prices of our Teas. Discount allowed to Messes, Clubs, Merchants and other large buyers.
All orders executed with care and promptitude. A trial earnestly solicited.
Established 1887. N. B. DANTRA & CO., Established 1887.
TEA MERCHANTS,
33 CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS
The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, or & promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Packages at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each, by all the principal Merchants in India.
Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in *white* letters on a red ground, and thus avoid worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.
The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.
This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.
D

NOTICES.

JAMES SMART,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,

32, WALBROOK, LONDON, E.C.,

AND

56 & 506, CALLE PIEDAD, BUENOS AYRES.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and Interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand, Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addressed in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:

HENRY S. KING & CO.

THE TAPTI-VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

ON and after the 25th November, 1899, SINDKHEDA and NARDANA stations on the Tapti-Valley Railway, beyond DONDAICHE will be OPENED for Good s Traffic.

Further particulars as to rates, rates and classification of goods can be had on application to any of the Station Masters on the B. B. and C.I. Railway Company's System.

C. CROMMELIN,

Genl. Traffic Manager, B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Bombay, 21st November, 1899.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

LOCOMOTIVE AND CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT

TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned upto 15th December, 1899, for the PURCHASE of CASTOR CAKE that may be produced at the Company's Oil Mill at Sabarmati, during the year 1900, estimated at 1000 tons more or less.

Delivery of the Cake will be given in wagons at the Mill generally every month, as the cake is produced.

Conveyance on the Company's line will be allowed at the Contractor's rate of 13 pie per maund per mile at Owner's risk.

A deposit of Rs. 500 will be required from the person whose tender is accepted as security for the due fulfilment of the Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders to be inscribed "TENDERS FOR CAKE," Parel Works,

E. S. LUARD.

Loco: & Carr: Suptt.

20th November, 1899.

DECCAN BANKING AND AGENCY CORPORATION, LIMITED.

SHORT PERIOD FIXED DEPOSITS.

THE Bank receives Short Period Deposits during busy season at Bombay at the following Rates of Interest:—

At 5 1-2 per cent. per annum for 4 months.
" 5 " " " 3 "
" 4 " " " 2 "

M. HARE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

East India & Colonial Merchants.

Plantation Agents & Produce Importers.

Passenger, Shipping & Insurance Agents.

India, China & Colonial Newspaper Representatives.

66, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to, cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it deserves from all true lovers of Art.

In submitting our new Cologne to the public, which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,

ESPLANADE ROAD,

Opposite Bombay Club.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12,

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1892.

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed them for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis myself, Cough is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore, I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,

A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. & L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. & L.M., Edinburgh.

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS NEARLY 80 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bone. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional.) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly. Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. 1 bon.	1,274
Bank of Bengal	40,000	60	all	10 pr. ct.	1,203
Bank of Behar	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,140
Commercial	{5,000 / 15,000}	100	{100 / 75}	6 p.c.	90
Bank of India.					
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	all	3 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£29 1-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£21-10-0	£571
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,300 x
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	410
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	725
Bellary	187	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	18
Bhowniggee City Press Co., Ld.	550	250	250	...	275
Bombay Cotton Brush Co.	1,000	125	125	Nil.	75
Bombay Cotton Press Co., Ld.	501	200	200	dvd R30	180 xd
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	200	dv Rs 20	200 x
Colaba	500	1,850	1,850	dvd Rs 15	315
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,350
English Press and Manfg.	400	200	...	dvd Rs 9	60
Fort	1,500	8,300	500	dvd Rs 2	630
French	300	500	500	dvd Rs 15	510
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	dvd Rs 30	340 xd
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	700	100	100	Rs 17	135 xd
Khaugaum	240	450	450	dvd Rs 80	475 xd
Mahuva Press Co., Ld.	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	225
Mahmadpur Co., Ld.	8,430	1,000	1,000	20	300
Khandesh	7,500	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs 65	705
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	65	500 xd
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 25	480
Kurrachee Landing	3,000	100	100	dvd Rs 5	105
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	200
Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	500
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	R 5 100	2,600
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	8,400	500	500	pr ct.	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	vd 60	1,740
Mohanlal K. Parekh & Co.	300	100	115	dvd Rs 15	50
Mfg Co. Ld., Amraoti	5,000	250	...	dvds. 5	
Morarji Gocul Mills	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 15	1,250
Mayor & M. C. Co. Ld	4,000	250	250	dvd Rs 15	200
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	...
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	pa 52
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	120
Oriental	5,725	625	25	dvd Rs 10	20
Presidency Mills, Co. Ld.	742	1,	1,000	dvd Rs 30	570
Queen Mills	950	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	580
Rajpore Mills	600	1,000	1,040	Nil	685
Saraswati Mills	1,250	500	500	Nil	500
Sassoon	1,50,	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 20	485
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 75	1,550
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	30	345
Standard India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100
Southern Mahratta	1,200	250	250	dvd Rs 12	240
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	750	2.0	Rs. 15	225
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	15	110
Star of India	1,00	1,000	1,000	Nil	60
Swadeshi Mills	2,000	500	500	dvd Rs 22½	530
Sassoon and Allance	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs 20	280
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	50	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 20	230
Venishanker Lukhmidas Co., Ld.	500	500	500	dvd Rs 10	410 xd
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	20
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	225
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld.	400	50	all	dvd Rs.	25
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	81	...

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares	...	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad & Dholka Extension Ry.	500	500	...	4 pr. ct.	580
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	600	500	...	4 pr. ct.	465

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advance	70	1,000	300	Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,100	all	1 bon.	225
Anglo-India	1,315	500	all	10 pr. ct.	28
Assur Veerjee Mill Ltd.	In all 2000 Shares of which 1502 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	nom.
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000		60
Belsar S.S.W. Co., Ld. (Bellary)	971	60	all	9 per ct.	1,00
Berar Manfg. Co. Ld.	2,750	550,000	200	12 1-2	165
Bombay United	90	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	90	500	500	dvd Rs 20	425
Bombay Native Hosiery Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000		90
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 9	400
Bombay Weaving Manfg. Co. Ld.	2,750	550,000	200	12 1-2	165
Bombay United	90	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	90	500	500	dvd Rs 20	425
Bombay New Dharamsey Mills	1,000	2,500	500	375	6,100
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	37½	1,325
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 1	71
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	5 pr ct	500
Bombay Flour Mill	000	500	500	55	775
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr ct	200
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	500	200	200	dvd Rs 10	185
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	9 p 16*	520
Empire of India Life A. Co. Ld	292	500	50	...	56
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	00	10	10 pr. ct.	18
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	180
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	21	350
Khurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	183
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 15	153 xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	25
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	123 xd
Phillips & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6	25
Port Canning Co.	6,000	00	1,000	25	480
Soundy & Co	1,000	100		6	
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500		0	1005
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100		dvd Rs 8	151 xd
Telephone Co.	9,200	251	100	1½	27

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs 5	200 xd
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	35
Badhan Place, Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	138
Do. New Issue.	1,000	2,500	500	375	6,100
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	500	375	625	37½	1,325
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 1	71
Bombay Flour Mill	400	500	500	5 pr ct	500
Deccan Paper Mills	000	500	500	5	775
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr ct	200
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	500	200	200	dvd Rs 10	185
Empire of India Life A. Co. Ld	2,000	250	250	9 p 16*	520
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	292	500	50	...	56
John Roberts & Co	5,000	00	10	10 pr. ct.	18
Kemp & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	180
Khurrachee Landing	4,000	200	175	21	350
Marcks & Co., Ld.	500	500	300	30	183
Napier Hotel Co	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 15	153 xd
Napier Foundry	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	25
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	1,000	100	200	...	60
Phillips & Co. Ld.	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	123 xd
Port Canning Co.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6	25
Soundy & Co	6,000	00	1,000	25	480
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100		6	
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500		0	1005
Telephone Co.	1,500	100		dvd Rs 8	151 xd
	9,200	251	100	1½	27

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three and a-half per cent Reduced 96-13-0
Municipal per cent. Debenture Loans 115
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872 ... ...
City of Paris Loan ... ...
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond 100

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns ..... Rs. 15-
Carolus ..... " 6-4
Mexican Dollars ..... " 0-4
Gold Five-Franc Pieces ..... "
Bar Silver ..... " 69-0 rdy. 69-4 fd.
Tola Leaf ..... " 1-02
Bar Gold, English (.3 touch) ..... " 22-15-6
Bar Australian ..... " 24-3
Bar Japan ..... " 1-3
Bar Penang ..... " 29

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 13m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 4-0m., 4-31s. Low water 11-3m., 9-48s.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races.
Works of art for Paris Exhibition, School of Art, 2 to 5 p.m.
Entertainment, St. Joseph's Convent, Bandora, 5-30 p.m.
B. V. Artillery parade.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 14m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 4-42m., 6-2s. Low water, 0-9s.

THE Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Bombay will preach in Holy Trinity Church, Esplanade, at the evening service, to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, Tonga, Daressalam, Zanzibar, Ibo, Chindi, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, Transvaal, Natal and Cape Colony, per s. s. Setos, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 2 p.m., on Monday, the 27th instant.

THE B.S.P.C.A.—During the month of October last 1 horse and 3 bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work, at the instance of the agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates and with the consent of the owners; while 5 horses and 20 bullocks were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel for curative treatment during the last month. 243 offenders were fined for cruelty to their animals, and 6 offenders were warned and discharged by the magistrates, and 1 offender was sentenced to 7 days' imprisonment or ill-treating his animal.

INFRINGEMENT OF LICENSE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Byramji Dorabji Banaji, acting Superintendent of Municipal Licenses, charged Damodar Poonjaji, Bail Jagannath, and Hurrichand Pandurang with storing fireworks in their premises in excess of the quantity allowed by law, which was fifty pounds, Mr. Leslie Crawford, Municipal Solicitor, prosecuted; while Mr. Velinker, pleader, defended the last accused. The quantities of fireworks found with the accused were respectively 150lbs., 210lbs., and 134lbs. The defence was that the explosives and combustibles with which the fireworks were charged were not in excess of the quantity allowed by law. The magistrate held that the law also required the receptacles to be weighed along with the powder, for both together constituted fireworks. The first accused was fined Rs. 50, the second Rs. 60, and the third Rs. 45.

AN ANGLO—CONCANIM DICTIONARY.—This dictionary by Mr. Alex M. Dias, has been lately printed in the "Bombay Gazette" Press. The book is by no means on the scale of our English dictionaries, and it may surprise some of our readers that it contains no more than 16,500 words. The Concanim language is, however, in its infancy, and in this, as in other Indian languages, expressions for feelings and abstract ideas are usually wanting. Such as it is therefore, the book ought certainly to be welcome to those who are anxious for the revival of the Concanim language. At any rate, no previous work of this kind can approach Mr. Dias's Dictionary in point of utility and completeness. The printing and binding of the book are excellent and there are a goodly number of judiciously chosen English proverbs heading its pages. These evidences of the author's desire to make the book acceptable will probably secure him liberal support from the Goan public. The book is published by Mr. C. J. Francis, the founder of the first Concanim newspaper and author of many literary publications in that language.

A CRUEL MOTHER.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Radhee, a Hindu woman, was charged by Inspector Brewin, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, with causing grievous hurt to her son Marootee Hurry, aged five years, by branding him with a heated iron spoon. The accused was a phoble woman, and resided at Lalwary Pard. It appears that the lad was in the habit of pilfering articles from his house as also from a neighbouring shop. The mother with a view of chastising the boy, tied up his hands and legs to a chair on Wednesday last, and then branded him with a heated iron spoon from one cheek to the other, injuring his lips, as also the palms of both his hands. The police were informed and the lad was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital. This mother was taken into custody and accused will be charged the offence. Inspector Brewin informed the Magistrate that she was of a violent temper and on one occasion she nearly killed her eldest son, aged nine years. The Magistrate convicted the accused, remarking that the boy was very cruelly injured. The woman was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

ENTERTAINMENT TO MR. JOHN FACHIRI.—In honour of Mr. John Fachiri, of Messrs. Fachiri and Co., merchants, who has returned to Bombay after a long residence in Europe, Mr. Chattoorbhooj Morarjee, broker to the firm, gave an entertainment on Thursday evening at his bungalow at Tardeo. The premises were decorated with evergreens and flowers and illuminated with gas chandeliers. There was a large number of European guests, among whom were Mr. J. Stiven, Mr. and Mrs. Fotheringham, Mr. and Mrs. Zygouras, Mr. and Mrs. Mitarachi, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lang, Mr. and Mrs. Forbes, Mr. Duffin, Mr. and Miss Humphrey, Messrs. Schillizi, M. Bronzis, H. S. Symons, J. N. Dallapuita, T. A. Dredge, W. M. Ross, J. Entwistle, H. Pfister, C. J. Demetracopulo, Messrs. Tribhowandas Varjivandas, Jamnadas Nursey Khatau, Jamsetjee F. Unvalla, Jehangir Bomanjee Petit, Babajee Gopal, Fakirchand Premchand, Charundas Chattoorbhooj, Ramdas Rowjee, Raghowjee Jayakrishna, Cowasjee Jehangir Jussawalla, &c. A company of nautch girls entertained the guests, who dispersed after a distribution of flowers and rose-water.

TENANTS AT VARIANCE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mrs. Martinelli appeared to answer charges of assault and abuse preferred against her by Mrs. Mary Emily de Vida. The complainant stated that on the 25th September last while she was sitting in her sitting-room with her baby in her lap, they were startled by some water coming down from a hole in the landing above them. On sending her servant to ascertain the cause of this it was found that the son of the accused was pouring down the water. The complainant sent word to the accused to stop the nuisance, but immediately afterwards it was repeated. The accused then came downstairs and threw a glass of water at her and her child, the latter catching a chill in consequence. Subsequently the accused said that had not the complainant the baby in her arms she would have thrown the metal vessel at her. The defence was that at the instigation of the complainant her children abused the accused, whereupon the latter threw water at them, but it did not touch any of them. She denied having thrown water at the complainant. The magistrate remarked that the quarrel arose out of the antics of the young Martinelli, who poured down water from the landing. Instead of taking her son to task accused had taken a course which was not justifiable. She was fined Rs. 15 and ordered to pay Rs. 5 to the complainant for costs.

SUICIDE OF A SHARE AND STOCK BROKER.—Yesterday afternoon, Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an enquiry at Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort, on the body of Peerozshaw Cursetjee Parak, aged thirty-two years. It appears from the evidence that the deceased was a share and stock broker, and resided with his widowed mother and sisters at that locality. Of late he had sustained losses in speculation as well as on account of his constituents. He was in consequence very sad and had not been quite free with his friends as usual. This month there being large fluctuations in Government papers, and his bad business in those papers for the coming Settlement which would expire on the 30th instant. About half-past 7 o'clock on Thursday evening Peeroz-shaw took his meals in the house and left without saying anything either to his mother or sisters. He did not return home as usual. About 1 o'clock yesterday morning, his mother, not finding her son in bed, became alarmed and searched for Peerozshaw, but without success. At 9-45 a.m. yesterday, a muccadum of labourers employed in the Bombay Improvement Trust saw the body of the deceased lying within high water marks on the beach opposite the Woodhouse Bridge at Colaba. Information was given to the police, who by order of the Coroner, removed it to his mother's house in the Fort. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased committed suicide by drowning in the sea, when his mind was probably unhinged owing to expected money losses in business.

ASSAULTING A POLICE OFFICER.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Richard Charles Turner, an European clerk was charged with assaulting a police officer in the execution of his duty. Inspector Bartley stated in his evidence that on Thursday the Court sent him with the accused to get a fine levied on him. The accused took him to a house in the Fort and on saying that one Kennedy would give him the money. As Kennedy was not at home they left the room and almost at the bottom of the stairs they met Kennedy coming up. At the accused's request Kennedy handed witness Rs. 12 and witness asked accused to direct Kennedy to pay the "gharrywalla" eight annas. As witness and Kennedy went down to pay the gharrywalla, the accused struck witness on the head with his fist knocking his hat, and immediately afterwards gave him a blow on the ear. Witness then knocked down the accused and arrested him. The accused stated in his defence that after the money had been paid Inspector Bartley abused and assaulted him. The Magistrate, in convicting the accused remarked that his story was palpably false. The accused had been fined Rs. 12 for being drunk and disorderly, and at his own request Mr. Bartley was sent with him to get the fine. The accused had been guilty of violent conduct, and his Worship considered it his duty to protect the police from such wanton violence. His Worship believed that the accused was hardly sober, which prevented him from sentencing him to imprisonment without the option of a fine. The accused was fined Rs. 40, with an alternative of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

KNOCKED DOWN AND KILLED BY A RUNAWAY HORSE.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an enquiry yesterday at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Bhaugjee, a Hindu widow, aged about sixty years. The deceased resided at Ripon Road and was supported by her son, who works in a mill. On the morning of the 8th instant one Govind Soma was riding a horse along Ripon Road and going towards Byculla. The horse was gall ping and the rider seemed to have lost control over the animal. Just then the deceased came out of her house on the eastern side of the road with a bucket of water in one hand and was crossing the road, when she was knocked down by the horse. The rider fell off after going a few paces further and the animal stopped a little further up. The woman received a bleeding wound on the head and some abrasions on the right shoulder, and became unconscious. She was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where she was found to be suffering from symptoms of concussion of the brain and a fracture of the right collar bone. Deceased remained under treatment in the hospital until the 16th instant, when her son took her home. Two days after she was brought back to the hospital, her condition then being very precarious. She died on Thursday. The house-surgeon was of opinion that death was due to concussion of the brain. In the opinion of the house-surgeon, she would not have recovered if she had remained in the hospital, but she would probably have remained longer alive. Her removal from the hospital accelerated her death. Deceased never spoke while in the hospital. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death in accordance with the medical evidence.

A DISHONEST BILL COLLECTOR.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Datoo Jha Ramnavaz, a Purdesee, was charged with attempting to cheat Mrs. Navazbai Bapoji Kharas, a Parsee lady, in respect of Rs. 27-11-3. The accused was employed as a bill collector in the service of the Diamond Jubilee Milk supplying Company at Parel. On the 14th instant, Limji Rustomji Batliboy, head clerk in the employ of the Company, entrusted to the accused a bill for Rs. 24-11-3, for recovery from Mrs. Navazbai Bapoji Kharas, who resides with her family at Marine Lines. Two days after Mrs. Dhunbai K. M. Shroff, Manageress of the Company, received a written complaint from her customer Mrs. Kharas, stating that the amount in the bill had been altered from Rs. 24-11-3 to Rs. 27-11-4. The matter was reported to the police, who investigated the matter. It appears that on the morning of the day in question the accused presented the bill to the complainant, who noticed that the figure "4" had been cleverly altered to figure "7." Becoming suspicious, she refused to pay the amount of the bill and returned it to the accused, with a letter to the address of his mistress. The accused did not deliver the letter as directed, but returned to the complainant's bungalow in half an hour after with the bill, which had been again scratched from the figure "7" to "9" in the Urdu character. Complainant then examined her account book and found that Rs. 24-11-3 had been due from her, which she paid off. The accused in his defence said that he himself did not know what the bill was for, at the time it was given to him for recovery. The original figure "4" was in the Gujarati character and the figure scratched and made into nine was in the Urdu language. He could not account for the alteration in the bill. The Magistrate in convicting the accused remarked that he was a clever attempt to cheat. He sentenced him to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

HOW A JURY SHOULD BE CHARGED IN A MURDER CASE.

IMPERATRIX VS. BALYA BIN BHIMAPPA AND THREE OTHERS.

THE four accused appealed from a decision of Mr. F. C. O. Beaman, Sessions Judge of Belgaum, who, in October last, convicted them of murder, and sentenced No. 1 to death and each of the other three to transportation for life. Mr. Shamrao Vithal appeared for No. 1; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused were charged with murder in intentionally causing the death of one Yellya bin Vagya in the district of Belgaum on the 10th July last. Their story was that there was a drunken brawl between deceased and his brother, and that some of the prisoners interfered and got hurt themselves. The patel said that just after the occurrence, the deceased's brother came to report the offence, and that he was not then drunk. The police patel got the names of all four of the accused the same night and included them in his report. There were five eye-witnesses who all told the same story. The jury found all the prisoners guilty of murder, and the Sessions Judge accepting the verdict, sentenced them as mentioned above.

Mr. Justice Parsons, in giving the court's judgment, said: The Sessions Judge thus charged the jury:—"Section 302. The murder of Mahar Mallya. Murder defined. Punishment. The only question here in view of the statements made by the prisoners is, did the prisoners, or any one of them, inflict these injuries on the deceased? If they did, they are guilty of murder." This is a very defective charge. He should have left it to the jury to say whether the offence was one of murder, or of culpable homicide, or any lesser offence, after pointing out to them the legal definition of each offence. Moreover, the infliction of injuries, would not necessarily make the offence of all the accused the same. The jury should have been asked to find as to the intention of the accused persons, and their attention should have been drawn to the provisions of sections 34, 35, 37 and 38 of the Indian Penal Code, and they should have been told to return a verdict as to the exact guilt of each of the four accused persons. We now have to do this for ourselves. A perusal of the evidence shows us that there was never any intention to kill the deceased; there was a quarrel, and the accused then proceeded to beat the deceased. The accused 2, 3, and 4 had sticks only in their hands, and 3 and 4 used nothing else. The accused 1, however, had with him a knife, which is described as being a flat iron bar 2 1-2 feet long with a sharp edge to one side, used in breaking up land for cultivation. It was the use of this, first, by accused 1, and then by accused 2, that caused death by fracture of the skull. We think that they must have known that a blow with such a weapon was likely to cause death; but we do not think that they intended to cause death, or knew it in all probability would cause death. They are, therefore, guilty of culpable homicide only. Accused 3 and 4 struck with their sticks on the body of the deceased. They are, therefore, guilty of causing hurt only, but not responsible for the action of the accused Nos. 1 and 2. In the case of the accused 3, there is the further fact in mitigation of his original offence that, when he saw the accused 2 had struck the deceased with the hands, he fell over the body of the deceased to protect him from further injury, and by so doing received himself a blow which the accused 2 had aimed at the deceased. We annul the conviction of accused No. 1 of murder, and convict him of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, an offence punishable under the second part of section 304, Indian Penal Code, and sentence him to ten years' transportation. We alter the convictions of and the sentences passed on the accused Nos. 2, 3, and 4 as follows:—No. 2, the conviction to section 304 (second part) and the sentence to eight years' transportation. No. 3, the conviction to causing hurt under section 323, and the sentence to three months' rigorous imprisonment. No. 4, the conviction to causing hurt under section 323 and the sentence to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

THE ORIENTAL SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS,

PEROZSHAW PESTONJEE CHOKS

WORTH NOTICING.

REPAIRS & ACCURATE ADJUSTMENTS

Of Theodolites, Nautical, Astronomical and Optical Instruments.

ELECTRO-PLATING

in all its branches has been recognised to be our specialities, and no other firm on this side is up to date able to challenge our firm in the above branches.

C. JOST & Co.,

SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,

HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

ANOTHER GOOD OFFER.

Rs. 50 FOR Rs. 25.

A

CLEARANCE SALE

OF

SILVER GILT WATCHES.

WE have an Excellent Collection of key wind Silver Gilt WATCHES, the lever movements of which are really FIRST CLASS, and in the ordinary way, quality for quality should sell for Rs. 50 each; but as preference is now given to Stem-wind Watches, we offer these excellent time-keepers to those who do not consider a key-wind watch inconvenient at the bargain and Clearance Price of

Rs. 25.

Complete in case with spare glass, main spring and a guarantee for 2 years.

MA[illegible] & CO., LIMITED,

WATCH[illegible] CLOCKMAKERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

LAWRENCE & MAYO'S

NEUTRAL-TINTED EYE PRESERVERS,

ARE the best PROTECTION to the EYES from Sun and Dust, especially to those who are travelling in the tropics or whose avocations require them to be out in the heat of the day. They will be found an invaluable preventative to inflamation of the Eyes and irritative fever.

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.

BY APPOINTMENT

To H. E. The EARL OF ELGIN and KINCARDINE,

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

OFFICES IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.

HEAD OFFICES

67, & 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON

ILLUSTRATED LIST FREE.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Up-Country Orders carefully and promptly executed.

☞ PLEASE NOTE:—For the Safe Delivery of Orders and Correspondence ADDRESS us as below, because there are others trading under the name of Madon.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,

170, SHAIK MEMON STREET,

BOMBAY.

A CHUBB'S SAFE

TWICE

DEFEATS BURGLARS.

79, St. JOHN STREET ROAD,

LONDON, E.C.,

DECEMBER 19TH 1898.

Messrs. CHUBB & SON'S

LOCK AND SAFE CO., LD.,

148, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

GENTLEMEN,—We are the fortunate possessors of one of your Patent Thief-Resisting Safes, which last night was attempted by thieves who broke into our premises.

Though the burglars failed to force the Safe, they so damaged the lock of it that the keys are of no use, and we should be glad if you could send a practical man at once to see what can be done.

We may say this is the second attack the Safe has withstood within twelve months, but the last was of the most determined character.

You are at liberty to make what use you please of this letter, and we are happy to furnish the most practical evidence of the protection afforded by the possession of one of your Patent Safes.

We are,

Yours very truly,

(Signed) JONES & WELLS.

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,

The oldest and only Agent in Bombay.

Messrs. CHUBB AND SON'S LOCK AND SAFE CO., LD.,

N, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY;

ESTABLISHED 1847

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

SOLE AGENTS IN WESTERN & NORTHERN INDIA.

FOR THE CARNEGIE STEEL Co., LD.,

Pittsburg, U. S. A.

1,000 TONS OF CARNEGIE STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, ETC.

Kept in Stock in Bombay.

Beams of all sections from 3 inch to 24 inch deep and in a large variety of lengths up to 44 feet.

Best and Strongest Beams in the Market. Quotations on application for Delivery at any Railway Station in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,

BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES

Girgaum, and 223, Bellasis Road, Byculla,

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (30,) and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Waler Charger extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale, or for treatment including Syce per mensem	25
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	15
Verbal opinion and to Soundness	4

CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BRAN &c., Supplied.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.

TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,

NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W.C.,

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."

A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude

PASSAGES booked by a Line of Steamers.

ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions of landing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST

No. 2, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office,

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

BY

TODARMAL,

Price Re. 1. Postage half-anna;

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 24.

THERE has been a quiet feeling in the Markets generally during the past week. The reports from the Cotton-growing districts have continued to be of an unfavourable tenor. In the Cotton market the business passing has been slight; and likewise in wheat and seeds the enquiry has been small. Exchange opened with a tendency at the beginning of the week to move downwards, and has kept at a level lower by 1-32d. than last week's closing quotations, this evening's rates being 1-32d. less as compared with last Friday's, both for Bank and Private Paper. The Money Market is easy. Government Paper has been moving in an upward direction, prices being higher to the extent of 1 3-4 and 1 per cent. for 3 1-2 per Cents and Threes respectively. Freights are a quiet market. In Imports a fair business has been done at higher prices.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay Return for the week ended on Satur ay last showed the following changes:—

Public Deposits at the Head Office	Inc.	Rs.	5,94 746
" " Branches	Dec.	"	38,892
Other "	Dec.	"	11,91,887
Government Securities	Inc.	"	1,051
Other authorised "	Unchanged		
Loans	Dec.	"	28,42,993
Bills Discounted and purchased	Inc.	"	15,55,273
Balances with other Banks	Dec.	"	0,071
Cash	Inc.	"	6,48,273

An increase in the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay of some 6 1-2 lakhs, brought it up to 206 1-2 lakhs. Public Deposits were nearly 6 lakhs greater at the Head Office, and about 1-4 lakh lower at the Branches. Private Deposits fell off to the extent of some 12 lakhs. Loans were 28 1-2 lakhs less; and Bills Discounted and Purchased 15 1-2 lakhs more. The Balances with other Banks decreased by about 1-2 lakh.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on 18th November, 1899:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	70,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	50,59,405
Do. do. at Branches	22,05,103
Other Deposits	3,45,38,050
Post Bills	6,205
Credits undrawn	13 78,588
	Rs... 6,02,47,474

ASSETS.	Rs.
Government Securities	83,45,622
Other authorised Securities	34,37,499
Credits on Government and other authorised Securities	42,02,641
Loans on do. do.	1,49,01,170
Bills Discounted and Purchased	79,9 1,091
Lead Stock	4,22,815
Stamps and Stationery	20,800
Bullion	1,42,634
Balances with other Banks	2,01,58,103
Cash	Rs... 6,02,47,474

Meanwhile, the feeling in the market is easy. The Bank of Bombay remains at 6 per cent, and that in the open market at 6 per cent.

EXCHANGE was quieter in tone at opening last Saturday, with ls. 4 3-32d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic, ls. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and ls. 4 3-8 to 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits. On Monday the market was very quiet at ls. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and ls. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits, with very little business passing. Rates continued quiet and without change on Tuesday at ls. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and ls. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits. The market opened steady on Wednesday at ls. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and ls. 4 11-32d. for three month's sight Credits. Bank Demand was reported done to a moderate extent a ls. 4 1-8d.; the supply of Merchants' Paper was very limited. Yesterday there was a slightly firmer feeling with rates given at ls. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, ls. 4 3-32 to 1-8d. for Demand, and ls. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits. The latter were scarce, and beyond a moderate amount of Bank Demand taken chiefly by the Bazaar at ls. 4 1-8d., the enquiry for Bank Papper was very limited. Rates opened to-day at ls. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and ls. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits. But little business was reported either way, and the market closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	ls. 4 3-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	ls. 4 3-32d.	"
Credits 3 months' sight	ls. 4 11-32d.	"
Francs	1-71	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Rates opened last mail day at 95 11-16 for both Money and Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 88 for 3 per Cents, in a quiet market. There was a strong feeling in the market on Monday, and quotations advanced to 96 3-8 for Cash, and 96 7-16 for the Settlement, for 3 1-2 per Cents; Threes remained at 88. Rates were steady on Tuesday at 96 3-8 for both Cash and the Settlement, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 92 for Threes. The feeling in the market was rather steady on Wednesday, with rates unchanged. Cash was quoted for 3 1-2 per Cents, 96 11-16 for the Settlement and 91 for Threes. Yesterday rates were weak at the enhanced level of 97 1-2 for Cash, and 97 9-16 for the Settlement for 3 1-2 per Cents; for Threes 89 to 90 was quoted Prices were lower to-day, in a weak market, at 97 for both Money and Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 90 for Threes.

SHARES.—There have been but few changes reported in prices from day to day, and this evening's quotations show, as against last week's:—An advance of Rs. 35 in China Mills, Rs. 20 in City of Bombay, and Rs. 30 in Queen, with a decline of Rs. 5 in Manockjee Petit. Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation are Rs 100 higher in the first issue, and Rs. 45 in the second; Delhi and Northern India Floor Mill are Rs. 5 higher, Kemp & Co., Rs 12, Treacher & Co., Rs. 5. Bank of Bengal have advanced Rs. 2 1-2.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been no change of any importance in this market during the past week. Rates are reported to be a turn in favour of sellers, but this improvement is said to be rather the outcome of purchases passing between dealers themselves than the effect of any better demand on account of the up-country markets. Dealers are under the impression that as home values exceed their equivalent here, prices, if they do not rise here, will probably decline; hence their desire to lay in a stock. In "Grey Goods" chiefly the above is the position, but in Bleached, Dyed Turkey-Red, printed, and Locally-Made "Goods" there has been no noticeable improvement. The clearances from the bazaar of "Imported Goods" have amounted to about 2,500 packages; and of "Local," to some 1,000 bales.

YARNS.—The market is quiet but steady. The clearances from the bazaar during the week have been but small. Official quotations are as follows:—

Twist	No. 8s	Mule, As.	3 3-4	to 4 1-4	per lb
"	" 8s	"	3 7-8	" 4 3-8	"
"	" 10s	"	4	" 5	"
"	" 12s	"	4 1-8	" 5 1-8	"
"	" 16s	"	4 1-2	" 5 1-2	"
"	" 20s	"	4 3-4	" 5 3-4	"
"	" 24s	"	5 1-4	" 6	"
"	" 30s	"	6 1-4	" 7	"
"	" 40s	"	7 1-4	" 8	"

METALS.—Prices have advanced all round; "Yellow Metal" is 8 ans. per cent. higher, "Braziers Copper" Rs. 1 per cent, and "Swedish Bar Iron" Rs. 3 per candy.

COALS.—There have been no important sales reported beyond some retail lots of "Ready Jardine's" which changed hands at Rs. 13 3-4 and Rs. 14 per ton. We quote alongside:—

	Per Ton. Rs.
Welsh Hartley	Nil
West Do.	Nil
Australian	Nil
Powell's	22
Cardiff	22
Japan	Nil
Singareni	13-8
Deshagur	15
Muir's Navigation	13
Jardine's	13-12
Seebpore	Nil

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—There has been a small business doing in the market for this staple, the enquiry from shippers and the mills being alike meagre. Forward prices have dropped some Re. 1 per candy, being quoted at closing, in a steady market, at Rs. 212 for "Good" Broach, March delivery; Rs. 176 for "Fully Good" Beegal, for January; Rs. 194 for "Good" Bhownugger, for May.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

	Per Candy. Rs.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 183-3 22-32	
Do. Fully Good	" 174-3 9-16	
Do. Good	"	
Bairas, Fine	" 200-4 1-32	
Do. Fully Good	" 195-3 15-16	
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 192-3 7-8	
Comra, Fully Good	" 187-3 2-32	
Dhollera, Fine	"	
Do. Fully Good	" 157-3 25-32	
Do. Good	" 152-3 11-16	
Do. Do. May, 1900	" 194-4 1-32	
S. G. Dharwar, Good	"	
Westerns	" 181-3 11 16	
Broach, Fine	"	
Do. Good	"	
Do. Do. March, 1900	" 211-4 5-16	

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1899 Bales	1898. Bales	1897. Bales.
For the week	32,091	18,390	4,915
From 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov. 1899	1,833,913	1,67,785	1,337,445
(Clearances to Great Britain and Continent,			
For the week	100	.....	.....
From 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov. 1899	491,035	468,010	489,136
Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week	715	100	1,093
From 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov. 1899	536,930	431,930	432,317

"Famine! No rain, and no crops of cotton and grain!"—such was the report, verbatim, from Dhollera according to the telegraphic advices from the districts to hand on Monday. The prospects at Broach were gloomy; and at Viramgaum, as at Wadhwan, Bhownugger, and Barsi, anxiety continued to be felt on account of the absence of rain.

Yesterday's telegraphic reports were of the same tenor as the above. The weather continued generally bright; at Dhollera it was cloudy.

WHEAT has been quiet in tone, with a small amount of business reported at current prices. We quote:—

White Pussy, 91 per cent	Rs.	3 8 0 per candy.
Do. 85 per cent	"	37-0-0 "
No. 1 Club Delhi	"	5-4-0 per cwt.
Red Delhi	"	5-2-0 "
Hard Yellow	"	40 0-0 per candy.
Red Ahmedabad	"	37-0-0 "
Hard Red	"	36 0-0 "

SEEDS.—In this market also only a small business has transpired. Prices close at the following level with a quiet feeling:—

Linseed	Rs.	8 4 0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gazerat	"	6 8 0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore	"	6 4 0	"
Do. Red do	"	6 0 0	"
Gingelly White	"	43 0 0	per candy
Do. Mixed	"	40 0 0	"

The comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as under:—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	14,355	73,883	40,520
Do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov.	4,970,868	7,716,361	1,650 433
Linseed for the week	6,630	21,895	22,751
Do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov.	2,052,131	2,480,252	464,073
Rapeseed for the week	2,593	10,077	14,102
To from 1st Jan. to 23rd Nov.	1,945 997	2,075 194	1,820,742
Gingelly for the week	68,314	72,561	65,161
Do. from 1st Jan. to 23 d Nov.	1,204,143	1,557,038	593,252

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	.....	5,990	.....
Do. from 1st January to 23rd November	2,852,716	5,653,174	2,913
Linseed for the week	.....	14,033	.....
Do. from 1st January to 23rd November	2,672,461	2,528,905	643,039
Rapeseed for the week	.....	16,094	.....
Do. from 1st January to 23rd November	1,903,022	2,205,368	1,691,429
Gingelly seed for the week	7,000	40,030	.....
Do. from 1st January to 23rd November	1,374 897	1,519,221	515,979

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed Firmer. Surat quiet but steady.

Good Bhownuggur, 3 13-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	103
3 per cent. Rentes	100 1-4
3 ½ per cent. Sterling Loan	111 1-2
3 ½ per cent. Rupee Paper	65
Bar Silver	27 5-16

The sum of about £175,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for South America.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results: Total Bullion £31 900,000, Unchanged: Public Deposits £8,200,000, Decrease £800 000; Other Deposits £38,900,000, Decrease £800,000; Other Securities £31,300,000, Decrease £ 100,000; Notes and Gold £29 400,000, Increase £100,000. The Bank's Reserve is 43 per cent. of the Liabilities.

Specie Shipments:—Silver to Bombay £30,000 Gold to Bombay £30,000.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 23.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Moravia, from Trieste, sailed for Bombay, via Karachi, this evening.

Nov. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Mombassa left here yesterday evening.

COLOMBO, Nov. 24.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Oceana left here for Aden this morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Chusan left here at daylight to-day, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 8 a. m., on Monday next.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 4th November 1899, on 141·14 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	3,000	10,000	30	13,030
Or per mile of Railway	21	71	..	92
For previous 17 weeks of half-year.	57,511	2,40,480	2,545	3,00,536
Total for 18 weeks	60,511	2,50,480	2,575	3,13,563
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,466	15,09	472	19,028
Per mile of Ry. do.	25	107	3	135
Total to corresponding date do.	63,215	2,65,369	2,823	3,31,407

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 5,998
Do to date ..... " 17,841

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindia-Neemuch, Rewari-Bhatinda and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 4th November, 1899, on 1,645·86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	90,000	3,99,000	7,000	4,95,000
Or per mile of Railway	55	242	4	301
For previous 17 weeks of half-year	18,17,020	51,82,332	1,29,491	73,28,866
Total for 18 weeks	19,07,820	57,80,352	1,36,491	78,23,866
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,20,953	2,13,760	6,586	3,41,299
Per mile of Ry do.	72	128	4	204
Total to corresponding date do.	21,46,610	35,29,736	1,21,295	58,97,661

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 1,53,701
Do. to date ..... " 19,26,205

FEROZEPORE-BHATINDA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 4th November, 1899, on 51·36 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	3,100	5,400	..	8,500
Or per mile of Railway	57	99	...	156
For previous 17 week of half-year.	58,816	78,778	...	137,594
Total for 18 weeks.	61,916	84,17[illegible]	..	146,094
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	...	...	...	...
Per mile of Ry. do.	...	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date do.	...	...	...	...

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Week ending 11th November, 1899.

Description.	1899.	1898.	Inc. for the week.	Dec. for the week.	Aggregate Inc.	Aggregate Dec.
Miles Open	1,130	988	...	...	...	...
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Passengers	45,573	60,497	...	14,924	65,603	...
Parcels, &c.	97,479	84,436	11,023	...	3,23,531	...
Goods						
Other earnings	6,315	8,056	...	1,711	20,345	...
Total for week	1,49,367	1,55,090	...	5,612	...	...
Aggregate	(3,80,672	2),11,373	...	...	3,09,299	...

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

CONTENTS:—

1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
2-3 THE WEEK.
4 INDIAN TELEGRAMS—Arrival of Indian Refugees—Arrival of a Portuguese Gunboat—The Siege Train for South Africa—The Murder in the Port.
5 The Governor's Tour—Lady Sandhurst's visit to Northern India—The Viceroy's Tour.
6 BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—MILITARY NEWS—Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Low.
7 Notes from Calcutta—Panegani Notes—Kathiawar Notes—Nagpur Notes—Kolhapur Notes—Ahmedabad News.
8 New High Sheriff of Bombay—The Sir Jamsetjee School of Art—The New Governor's Private Secretary—Action for Defamation—Ahmedabad Millowners and the Excise Duty.
9 The Railway Commission—The Stranding of the S.S. Rajputana—The Wreck of the S.S. Shirawati.
10 The Unawar at the Hindu Gymkhana—Bombay Port Trust.
11 SPORTING News: Royal Bombay Golf Club—Royal Bombay Yacht Club—Calcutta Golf Club—Famine Relief in Bombay Presidency—The Bombay Famine Relief Fund—BENGAL-MADRAS.
12 LEADING ARTICLES: The Proposed Bank of India—Bombay Built on London Clay.
13 LEADING ARTICLES: The Port Trust Railway Scheme.
14 LEADING ARTICLES: Urgent Indian Currency Measures—Badges, Ce sars, and Other Things.
15 The Drainage of Bombay—Bombay Municipal Corporation.
16 Municipal Standing Committee—Municipal Administration Report.
17 Bombay Improvement Trust.
18 The City Mortality—Presidency Plague Returns—High Court,—Original Side.
19 High Court,—Appellate Side—Reception at Elphinstone College—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAB—FRONTIER NEWS—MISCELLANEOUS.
20 OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders—Bank of Bombay—Railway Returns.
21-23 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE—Bombay Market Reports—Bombay Price Current—Freights.
23-24 ADVERTISEMENTS.

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

SUBSCRIBERS to the WAR TELEGRAM EXTRAS, Rs. 2, can have the same delivered as they arrive.

Names Registered at the *Bombay Gazette* Offices, 18, Esplanade Road.

By sending their own peon subscribers can insure instant delivery.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DEGA—November 24, at his residence, Rose Mary Hill', Malbaparady, after a brief illness, Nicholas DeGa, of the Mercantile Bank of India, aged 28 years and 11 days. Deeply regretted by his sorrowful widow and children. Funeral will leave his residence at 4 p.m. Relatives and friends will please accept this the only intimation.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

BYRON—November 3, Victoria rd, Kensington, wife of Capt R Byron, King's Royal Rifles, Edinburgh ter, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

WHITE—RICHARDES—November 1, at St Peter's, Cranley gdns, W & C White, to Averina, M C W A, daughter of late C Richardes, H M Bengal Staff Corps.

DEATHS.

AUBERT—November 5, Itchen Abbas, 79, Major W W Aubert, Bengal Army.

GRAHAM—November 5, W Graham, Barrister-at-Law, 61.

GREENWAY—November 1, Col T Greenway, late 50th Madras Native Infy, Sidcup, 71.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

☞ ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1899.

LORD METHUEN'S column advancing to relieve Kimberley is now well on its way. On Tuesday last it encountered the Boers entrenched on a strong position at Belmont, a little more than forty miles south of Kimberley. The fighting was severe, but, with the excellent gunnery of the Naval Brigade to support them the column were able without much difficulty to dislodge the Boers from three successive ridges. Forty prisoners were taken, and numbers of the dead were buried by the victors. But the Boers evidently drew off in good order, for they carried off a considerable number of their dead and wounded. There is no mention of their being followed up, so it may be assumed that they retired into the hills at right angles to the British line of advance. The real struggle will be at the entranchments made by the enemy at Modder River. The result cannot be in much doubt. If Lord Methuen disposes of the resistance at the River as easily as at Belmont, Kimberley will be relieved of its disasters, and its deliverers welcomed with very hearty enthusiasm. We must assume that General Buller—who, however, has proceeded to Natal for a short visit—has made provision to keep open the communication between Orange River Station and Kimberley when Lord Methuen's force, marching in the lightest order, has arrived there. If there be any hitch in that respect, Lord Methuen may find himself in the position of the first relieving force that reached Lucknow—himself besieged and in urgent need of a relieving force. Supplies must be urgently needed in the Diamond City, which has now been on short rations for some weeks. The Boers along the line of march will, no doubt, do all they can to trouble and delay the big transport trains of thousands of mules, many of them brought from the ranches of Texas and quite unbroken. In Natal the situation, in a tactical sense, is not satisfactory. It is recognised that the prolonged isolation of nearly ten thousand men at Ladysmith and two thousand men at Estcourt calls for speedy action on the part of General Clery. The visit of Sir Redvers Buller to Durban may be taken as the beginning of the end of the present state of things.

THE new life of Thackeray, by Lewis Melville (Hutchinson & Co.), begins with an interesting chapter on the great novelist's family history, which enables us to understand the familiarity with Anglo-Indian life displayed throughout his works. His grandfather came out to Calcutta as a writer in the East India Company's service in 1766 and brought out with him two sisters, both of whom married in India. He got on well in the Company's service under the great Warren Hastings, and in 1774 he rose to be third in Council at Dacca. In the beginning of 1776 he was married in the Calcutta Cathedral to Amelia, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Richmond Webb, a descendant of the victor of Weynendal, whom his grandson so much glorified in *Esmond*. Fortunes were rapidly made in those days. At the time of his marriage the young civilian had not served ten years in India, yet he had made enough money to buy an Estate near Chipping Barnet, where he spent the rest of his life. Of his eleven children nine went to India. The second son, the novelist's father, came out to Calcutta in 1798, in the first year of Lord Wellesley's government. He studied in the College of Fort William, and as a reward for his proficiency in Arabic and Persian, was appointed Collector of Midnapur. He was presently joined by his two sisters, who soon found for themselves husbands in India. From 1807 to 1812 he lived in Calcutta, holding the post of Secretary to the Bengal Board of Revenue. Here he married Anne Becher, who belonged to an old Bengal civilian family. From this marriage sprang the great novelist, who was born at Calcutta in 1811. In the following year his father was promoted to be Collector of the Calcutta districts, and went to reside at Alipur, where he died in 1815. His widow remained in India for some years and there married her second husband, Captain Carmichael Smyth. She sent her little boy home to be educated in 1817, when he was six years old. All these facts show how closely Thackeray was connected with India. Had he only been born and spent six years of his childhood in this country, he might have forgotten all about it. But as such a large number of his relations and marriage connections had lived in India, his childish recollections of the East must have been kept alive by the Anglo-Indian atmosphere of his home life, and from the conversations that he heard going on around him he naturally became familiar with the usages of English society in India. Thus it was that, though he left India at the age of six, he could draw to the life such characters as Colonel Newcome and Josiah Sedley, the Collector of Bogglewallah.

Thackeray's life was not an eventful one. It was saddened throughout by the irremediable calamity which fell upon him in early manhood. At the age of twenty-five he fell in love with, and married, an Irish girl, called Miss Shaw, who shared the hopes and fears of the struggling young artist and writer. The years they spent together in London and Paris were probably the happiest years of his life. "I was as happy as the day was long with her," he told one of his cousins, and once when accused of not liking the Irish, he exclaimed, "God help me! all that I have loved best in the world is Irish." In 1840 his wife became very ill, and her mind was affected. She never recovered from her mental disease although she lived on till 1894, when the announcement of her death came as a shock of surprise to a world that had almost forgotten her existence. One of the most remarkable facts in Thackeray's literary career is the comparatively late period of his life at which he began to produce his most famous literary master-pieces. It was not until 1847, when he was thirty-six years old, that the first of the monthly numbers of "Vanity Fair" appeared. This is at first sight rather surprising, as some of the greatest works, not only in verse but also in prose, have been produced long before their authors had reached the age of thirty. Dickens, the great contemporary and rival of Thackeray, was only twenty-five when *Pickwick* made him famous wherever the English language was spoken. How was it that Thackeray lived so long before he wrote succeeded in convincing the world of his genius? Anthony Trollope's explanation of this is that Thackeray was "unsteadfast, idle, changeable of purpose, aware of his own intellect, but not trusting it," and that "no man failed more than he to put his best foot foremost." This explanation Mr. Lewis Melville considers to be unconvincing and misleading. Thackeray was far from being idle, and if he modestly distrusted his literary genius at first, he continued to do so till the end of his literary career. Our author gives a different and, we think, a truer account of the slow growth of Thackeray's progress to fame. He points out that Thackeray used such a large number of noms-de-plume that he did not give the public a fair chance of discovering him. It was not generally known that one and the same pen wrote under the different names of Titmarsh, Ikey Solomon, Yellowplush, Major Gahagan, Fitzboodle and Thackeray. In addition to this, his earlier works were too fragmentary and short to impress the reading public. Thackeray had also, like Wordsworth and Browning, to educate the public before he could win their love and admiration. His more serious works, especially those that he wrote at the beginning of his literary career, were opposed to the popular taste. He preferred truth to popularity. His satire was so severe that it repelled readers. This is conspicuously the case in "Barry Lyndon," the greatest of Thackeray's earlier works, which, for all its power and literary excellence, is far from being a pleasant book to read. In after life Thackeray remarked, "I suppose we all begin by being too savage. I know *one who did*." Certainly with advancing years he became less harsh and therefore more popular. But after all, considering that he was a novelist, too much is said about the slow maturing of Thackeray's genius. A great novel is the result of long study of men and women and of experience of the world such as is impossible in a young man. The greatest works of the greatest novelists were produced in advanced middle age. Richardson, Fielding, Sterne, Scott, Bulwer Lytton, and George Eliot wrote "Pamela," "Tom Jones," "Tristram Shandy," "The Heart of Midlothian," "The Caxtons" and "Middlemarch" at the respective ages of fifty-one, forty-two, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-three, and fifty-one, and no first rate novel was produced by any of them before the age of forty.

In considering the character of Thackeray Mr. Melville candidly examines the chief charges that have been brought against him. There is no denying the fact that he lived not wisely but too well. Once when he was asked whether he had ever received the best medical advice, he replied that he had, "but what," he added, "is the use of advice if you don't follow it? They tell me not to drink, and I *do* drink. They tell me not to smoke and I *do* smoke. They tell me not to eat, and I *do* eat." A more serious charge than this is, however, brought against Thackeray. It has been said by his detractors that the author of the "Book of Snobs" was himself a snob. This charge was brought against Thackeray in his lifetime, and he himself took pains not only to refute it, but also to show how it arose. When a man gets the credit of being proud and supercilious to old acquaintances, he remarks, "all his friends believe it, accommodate themselves to the new theory, see coolness where none is meant. They won't allow for the time an immensely enlarged acquaintance occupies, and fancy I am dangling after lords and fine people, because I am not so much in their drawing-rooms as in former days." It is almost impossible for a man to rise high in life without such accusations being brought against him. As Mr. Melville puts it, "if a social equal or inferior pass us in the street without a word of recognition, it is because he does not see us; but if a person of a much higher rank do the same, *then* it is because he does *not wish* to see us." Thackeray was far too kindly to neglect his old friends, especially if they were in distress. Many anecdotes are told of his liberal and delicate charity. We may give a specimen. On one occasion he mounted the high stairs leading to the room occupied by an old friend, who had seen better days, gave him a gentle rebuke on his extravagance, and slipping a hundred pound note into a blotting book, hurried away. "I never saw him do it," said the poor man, "I was very angry because he said I had been a reckless old goose, and then a hundred pounds falls out of my writing book. God bless him!" His kindly nature was especially seen in his love for children. He could never see a boy without wanting to give him a sovereign, and there was scarcely a boy of his acquaintance he had not tipped. Once he stopped a procession of school girls. "Four and twenty little girls! They must have four and twenty bright little sixpences," he exclaimed, and he was as good as his word. The noblest sight in the whole world in his eyes was Charity Children's Day at St. Paul's "when five thousand children,

TELEGRAMS.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

SIR GEORGE WHITE OUTWITS THE BOERS.

CAPTURES LARGE NUMBER OF PRISONERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 24, 12-35 P.M.

The Cape *Argus* states that Sir George White on Sunday, the 19th instant, succeeded in luring the Boers to draw into the open where he attacked vigorously and succeeded in surrounding and taking prisoners in large number.

BOERS SHELLING MOWI CAMP.

HEAVY FIRING NEAR ESTCOURT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 23, 12 P.M.

The following news has been received in London :—

Durban, 23rd, 2-20 a.m.—The Boers after shelling the camp near the Mowi District yesterday proceeded to Fort Nottingham ; and, although they were possessed of two howitzers ranging five miles and some six-pounders, they did little damage. They were silenced by the fire of the British fifteen-pounders, to the surprise of the Boers, who were unaware the British possessed artillery, the guns arriving on Tuesday.

Three British soldiers were wounded last night.

All the naval guns at Durban are being sent to the front, including the fifty-pounders from the cruiser Terrible.

The shelling of camp Mowi was renewed this morning at daybreak. The scouts report heavy firing heard at Willow Grange. It is believed that General Hildyard is engaging the enemy at Estcourt.

Fever is rife among the garrison at Mafeking owing to the impurity of the water supply.

THE FIGHT AT BELMONT.

DETAILS OF THE BATTLE.

THE BOERS DRIVEN BACK.

CAPTURE OF MEN AND STORES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 24, 3-40 A.M.

An official despatch has reached the War Office regarding the engagement at Belmont

Lord Methuen attacked the enemy at daybreak on Thursday, the Boers being in strong position, which they defended courageously and with skill.

The British Infantry behaved splendidly, their movements being executed with great steadiness, while the work performed by the Naval gunners elicits the praise of Lord Methuen.

The enemy was driven back, three successive ridges being carried by the Infantry.

Forty Boer prisoners were captured, while the British force have buried numbers of the Boer dead. The enemy also carried off a large number of their dead and wounded.

The relieving force also captured a number of horses and cows, and a quantity of ammunition, which was destroyed.

The English force also suffered severe loss, the Grenadier Guards, Coldstreams Guards, Scots Guards, Northumberland Fusiliers, and the Yorkshire Regiment lost heavily, three officers, and 55 men being killed, and 150 wounded, while 18 are missing.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ISOLATION OF OUR FORCES FROM THEIR BASE.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

General Hildyard with about 2,000 men is commanding at Estcourt. Thus two bodies of our forces are isolated from their base where General Clery is collecting his forces and resting the Artillery and Cavalry horses which have lately been landed.

BOERS SHELLING OUR CAMP.

Advices from Mooi River state that the Boers have commenced shelling our camp at five this morning and the British replied.

The Boer shells were well aimed but did no damage.

THE 1st DRAGOON GUARDS.

The transport Manchester Port has proceeded from Capetown to Durban with the 1st Dragoons.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH ACTION AT BELMONT.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

A telegram has been received from Orange River, dated 23rd inst. stating that the British forces under Lord Methuen engaged the enemy at Belmont.

Our artillery practice was magnificent and our Infantry carried the Boers Kopjas at the point of the bayonet and cleared the Boers position.

THE VICTORY AT BELMONT.

The following official news has been issued by the War Office :—

Lord Methuen telegraphs that he attacked the enemy at Belmont at daybreak on the 23rd instant and carried three ridges in succession which were occupied by the enemy. The victory was complete.

The British losses were fifty-eight killed and 146 wounded and 21 are missing.

General Fetherstonehaugh received a severe wound in the shoulder.

GENERAL BULLER GONE TO NATAL.

General Buller has gone to Natal on board the transport Mohawk and returns to Capetown shortly.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE ACTION AT BELMONT.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

General Methuen in his despatch regarding the action at Belmont further adds :—"The Infantry behaved splendidly. It was supported by the Naval Brigade and by Artillery. The enemy fought with great courage and skill, and had I attacked them later I should have had far heavier losses. The victory was complete in every respect. I have taken forty prisoners and am burying a good number of Boers ; but most of their killed and wounded were taken away by comrades."

CAPTURE OF HORSES, CATTLE AND AMMUNITION.

I have taken a large number of horses and cows, and have destroyed a large amount of ammunition.

LIST OF ENGLISH KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The killed include Lieutenant F. L. Fryers, Grenadier Guards, Captain Eagar and Lieutenant Brine, of Northumberlands.

The wounded include :—

Colonel E M. S. Crabbe, (Grenadier Guards.)

Lieutenants W. A. Blundell—Hollinshead-Blundell (Grenadier Guards.)

Lieut. T. B. N. Leslie, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. E. M. E. Vaughan, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. M. Gurdon-Rebow, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. Hon. E. G. Lygon, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. Hon. A. V. F. Russell, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. D. W. Cameron, Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. C. J. C. Grant, Guards.

Lieuts. Hon. C. Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby Grenadier Guards.

Lieut. A. C. Burton, Grenadier Guards.

Major Hon. N. de C. Dalrymple-Hamilton, Scots Guards.

Lieut. F. H. R. Bulkeley, Scots Guards.

Lieut. C. Alexander, Scots Guards.

Major E. W. Dashwood, Northumberland Fusiliers.

Captain D. Sapte, Northumberland Fusiliers.

Lieut. F. L. Festing, Northumberland Fusiliers.

Lieut. C. E. Fishbourne, Northumberland Fusiliers.

Captain L. G. Freeland, Northamptons.

Lieut. C. W. Barton, Northamptons.

REPORTED SUCCESSFUL ATTACK BY GENERAL WHITE.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

It is reported that General White made a night attack on Sunday and captured several Boer positions, also some guns with much material.

A CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE BY GENERAL FRENCH.

An official report states that General French conducted a Cavalry "reconnaissance" towards Arundel (between Naupoort and Colesberg) which he found held in strength by the enemy and withdrew with three wounded.

REPORTED FREE STATE BOERS LEAVING NATAL.

It is reported that the Boers are moving from Natal towards Bloemfontein.

CANNONADE AT WILLOW GRANGE.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Heavy Cannonade and Musketry was heard yesterday in the direction of Willow Grange and doubtless General Hildyard is engaging the enemy.

FURTHER MOBILIZATION OF TROOPS.

The immediate mobilization of a horse brigade and a division of Artillery has been ordered to be in readiness for immediate service. The Mounted Infantry in South Africa is also to be strengthened.

BEHAVIOUR OF THE AFRICANDERS SUSPICIOUS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

An "Indian Daily News" cablegram, dated London 23rd, states :—The position in South Africa is regarded with uneasiness, it being evident that General Buller believes he is confronted by heavier odds than at first expected. This is owing to the wholesale disloyalty of the Cape Dutch. To remove suspicion of his personal loyalty Mr. Schreiner, President of the Cape Parliament, has thought it necessary to address a strongly-worded protest to President Steyn in connection with the latter's appeal to Dutchmen at the Cape to support the Transvaal. This, however, has not removed the grave suspicion which attaches to the Africander Party in the Cape Parliament. The position also is becoming one of urgency at Mafeking owing to the scurvy which has broken out there.

[REUTERS TELEGRAMS.]

EMBODIMENT OF MORE MILITIA REGIMENTS.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

An Army Order issued to-day embodies eight more Militia regiments, beginning on 11th December.

LORD SALISBURY.

Lord Salisbury passed a comfortable day and his temperature is lower.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Mr. Chamberlain was at Hatfield, yesterday, to see Lord Salisbury and visited Windsor to-day, where he conferred with Count Hatzfeld, thereafter with Count Von Buelow and was received by Emperor William afterwards.

THE CHINESE IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Consequent on fresh Chinese protests President Mekinley has instructed General Otis to simply carry out in the Philippines the provisions of the Chinese Exclusion Act as applied in America.

DEFEAT OF AHMED FIDEL.

Reuter wiring from Cairo states that Colonel Wingate with the Egyptian force attacked Ahmed Fidel and 2,500 followers at Abua-a-dil, near Nefrissa.

The enemy was routed and lost 400 killed.

Colonel Wingate captured many prisoners and a quantity of grain.

The Egyptian loss was one officer and two men wounded.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOV. 24.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Conductor C. A. Calvert, Miscellaneous List, retires with effect from the 4th instant.

Lieutenant-Colonel Whiting resigns his commission in Poona Volunteer Rifles, but he is permitted to retain his rank and continue to wear uniform.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Messrs W. Torrie, and C. F. Laslett are posted respectively to the 1st and 2nd Shipwright Surveyors, Bombay.

Assistant Engineer W. Madge has eleven months' extension of leave on sick certificate.

Chief Engineers Walmsley, Newman and Fuller are gazetted a step from the 9th ultimo, while Assistant Engineer Avery becomes Engineer from the 22nd ultimo.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant Templer, 1st Bombay Lancers, is posted to plague duty, Bombay ; Captain Elphinstone, 7th Bombay Infantary, for plague duty, in the N.-W. Provinces ; while Mr. H. N. Alexander, Superintendent of Police, Bombay, is deputed for duty under the Foreign Department.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant A. B. Drummand, from leave, becomes Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Captain Brownrigg, 28th Bombay Pioneers, and Lieutenant Sargent, 14th Bombay Infantry are reported to military employ.

The Hon. Mr. Rivaz, four months' sick leave with effect from 2nd proximo.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

SERVICE NOTES ; CIVIL.

A number of officers are being appointed to strengthen the hands of the Central Provinces Famine Administration. Ten were posted last week and three more this week.

Mr. Armstrong, Assistant Superintendent Telegraphs, Ajmere, goes to the East Coast District on the return of Mr. Mackenzie from leave.

Mr. Cornwall, P. M. General, has two months' leave.

Mr. I. E. Basu has one year extension of leave.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA REVENUE.

Civil Revenue of the Government of India in October was eleven lakhs worse than in the corresponding month, last year, the falling off being chiefly in Land Revenue and Salt Duty.

EXPEDIENCY OF RECONSTRUCTING PRESIDENCY BANKS.

INDIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE CONSULTED.

The Indian Chambers of Commerce have received a communication from the Government of India, asking for their opinions upon certain proposals which have been made for the removal of restrictions now existing as to the class of business which may be undertaken by the Presidency Banks. The Chambers are specially asked to consider, at the same time, the question of sufficiency of capital of the Banks. This reference raises in a formal way issues which have been recently and are now under discussion as to the expediency of reconstructing Presidency Banks, and of fusion into one large institution, provided with resources adequate to the demands of the large and increasing trade and industry of India.

LORD SANDHURST ON TOUR.

OPENING OF THE JAMRAO CANAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAHAVADI CAMP, Nov. 24.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst arrived by special train at Nawabshah on Wednesday, and drove to Jamsahib, and thence rode to Rahavadi. On Thursday morning he rode to Jamrao bungalow, and in the presence of the Commissioner of Sind, other officials and a large gathering of Zamindars, laid the last stone in the head works and opened the first section of 17 miles of Jamrao Canal. He said that Mr. Mir Kharpur had ceded the lands on which the head works stand to Government and that Government propose to get cultivators from Punjab to colonise them. His Excellency then distributed certificates to the contractors. The Commissioner said that the day would commence an era for Zamindars and thanked H. E. the Governor for the trouble taken by him to come and open the Canal. The Governor inspected the works and then returned to Rahavadi.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MIRPURKHAS, Nov. 24.

The Jamrao Canal was opened to-day by his Excellency Lord Sandhurst in the presence of a large number of Zamindars. His Excellency was accompanied by the Commissioner of Sind and a number of officers of the Province. His Excellency in replying to the address, read by the Superintending Engineer, complimented the officers of the Public Works Department, and especially Mr. Hill, Executive Engineer, first district, on his skill and the energy with which all difficulties of organisation of labour and the construction of works had been overcome, and referred to the benefits which may be expected to result from the completion of this important work. Having successfully laid the last stone on head works, his Excellency directed the raising of the regulating apparatus for the admission of water into the Canal, and inspected the head works with greatest interest.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OURO WN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 24.

The Lieut.-Genl. Comdg. the forces is pleased to make the following appointments :—Deoli Irregular Force—Lieutenant Dougherty, Officiating Wing of Erinpura Irregular Force, is transferred in the same capacity with reference to para 5, Clause 34, India Army Circulars dated 1st March 1896.

The Lieut.-Genl. Comdg. the forces is also pleased to make the following appointments :—Lieut. Hoskyn, Wing Officer, 17th Bombay Infantry, and Lieutenant Strong, Officiating Wing Officer, 8th Bombay Infantry to be Assistant Recruiting Staff Officers for the Maharattas and the Presidency Mahomedans.

Captain Cartwright, 6th Bombay Cavalry, having been appointed to officiate as Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, on District Staff in Bombay Command, is posted to Aden District, under instructions from the War Office.

Captain Hicks, Lancashire Fusiliers, on vacating his appointment of Paymaster, Deolali Depot, on 31st December, is directed to join the 2nd Battalion or his Regiment in South Africa, to which he has been posted. He will travel on duty at the public expense.

Particular attention of all the Officers concerned is called to para 258, Section 6, Army Regulations, India, Volume 2, (provisional issue) as reconstructed by G. O. 36, dated 1st October 1899, and they are reminded that Official to whom report of discipline, act of violence, &c., is made should be named in telegraphic reports made under provisions of that para.

Officers Commanding Regiments serving in the Bombay Command are informed that in future when forwarding applications from Officers for appointment to Frontier Militia or Levies, report giving full particulars on the following points should be attached to such application :—(1) On what part of the Frontier has applicant been employed ; (2) has he been employed in any capacity beyond Frontier ; and (3) has he familiarity not only with language, but also with the tribal customs and character, above all has he power of getting on well with natives.

The undermentioned Warrant Officer has been permitted to return to duty :—Sub Conductor Mortimer, Military Works Department.

Leave granted to Lieutenant Trotter, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, by Bombay Command Order No. 558 of 1898, is cancelled at that Officer's request.

The undermentioned Officers have leave of absence:—Captain Mewhinnie, (Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, Poona District) Royal Irish Rifles, eight months, on private affairs, out of India. Extensions—Major Reginald Williams, 25th Bombay Rifles, two months, on medical certificate, granted by the Secretary of State for India ; Lieutenant Wooldridge, 9th Bombay Infantry, two months on medical certificate, granted by the Secretary of State for India; Captain Collins, Royal Army Medical Corps, from 10th October to 17th November, on medical certificate, granted by the War Office in extension of leave granted in Bombay Command Order No. 467 of 1899.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

CITY CONTINUES FREE.

There was no case of plague in Poona to-day, the total mortality being in the City 18, and in the District 22 cases and 26 deaths.

THE MISSES LEITER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Lady Curzon's sisters, the Misses Leiter, are expected in Calcutta at Christmas. They leave India for Cairo, next January. Meanwhile they are paying a visit to Sir Anthony and Lady Macdonnell at Lucknow.

MILITARY ITEMS.

The move by rail of two companies of British Infantry from Secunderabad to Bangalore has been sanctioned by the Government of India as a temporary measure.

The Government have sanctioned the purchase of 260 Walers to replace British Cavalry and Artillery horses sent to Africa.

Estimates have been called for by the Government of India for the removal of the Bombay Arsenal to the site of the present Kirkee Powder Factory, for which the introduction of cordite has rendered no longer necessary.

FAMINE RELIEF STATISTICS.

The numbers under famine relief continue to increase steadily and, including those receiving assistance in Native territory, who do not appear in the returns, it is estimated that the total for whole of India is now about one-and-a-half million.

The deficiency in the October and November rains in the Madras Presidency is causing anxiety here for a wide area in Southern India which seemed secure when Lord Curzon made his speech upon the subject in the Council. Some relief also will probably be required in the Chota Nagpur Division of Bengal, while the N.-W. P. Government report that works will be required in that part of India for fugitives from Rajputana. These fugitives are making their way in great numbers to feed their starving cattle in the Terai Jungles under the Himalayas. They are also penetrating both westward into Sind and eastwards into the Ganges Plain. It seems that estimates originally framed of Government expenditure on famine are likely to be exceeded, fifty lakhs having already had to be given or promised to tide Native States over the visitation, while one hundred lakhs are likely to be spent in the Bombay Presidency alone.

THE "Liberte" states that Lieutenant Darand-Ourier, who accompanied the Bretonnet expedition, but who separated from it in order to proceed in direction of Ruadi, is reported to have been killed, together with Lieutenant Cointef, who went to his help. No news has been received at the Ministry of the Colonies.

REFERRING to the meeting this week of the Emperor William and the Czar, the "Gaulois" says :—"The tangible and immediate result of the interview will be to diminish the effects of the Emperor's visit to England and to consolidate good relations between St. Petersburg and Berlin. In the second place the interview will perhaps provide an opportunity for considering certain eventualities which may arise as a consequence of the war in South Africa. All this is amply sufficient to induce us to regard this interview as calculated to exercise a happy influence upon international affairs.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

THE WAR.

LORD SALISBURY'S GUILDHALL SPEECH.

NATURALLY the speech of the Prime Minister at the Guildhall, last night, was mainly occupied with the war ; indeed the only other topic touched upon by Lord Salisbury was the understanding that he has come to with Germany in reference to the vexed Samoan question. As to the war he began with the reassuring statement that "it is the only part of our relations with other nations to which any term of apprehension or doubt can be applied." He proceeded, after an inevitable and necessary recognition of American friendship, to observe :—"Perhaps you will think that I am sanguine when I say that on the Continent of Europe we have no hostilities to fear. Well, to those people who do not take in newspapers I can say that we have no hostilities to fear whatever. There is, undoubtedly, a certain assertion of tone among those who furnish information and pleasure to the readers of the public prints in foreign parts. But I can say with great confidence that I do not believe that that trend of opinion affects the peoples of foreign countries, and I am quite certain that it does not affect their Governments." Replying to the criticism as to the delay in sending out an adequate force, he adopted the argument employed by Lord Lansdowne at Sheffield—"What," asked Lord Salisbury, "was the cause of the war and of the ultimatum ? It was not caused by any demand that we made. It so happened that at the moment the ultimatum was issued we had withdrawn our demands, and there was none before the Transvaal Government. It was because we had taken measures to increase the amount of our forces in that part of her Majesty's dominions. But if that had been done a month or two months sooner, exactly the same result would have taken place. The moment that you showed signs of raising your forces in that part of her Majesty's dominions to an equality with the forces opposed to them, the ultimatum would have been issued and the war would have been begun." But the part of his speech that attracts most attention is the passage relating to the motives of her Majesty's Government. "We seek no gold fields. We seek no territory. What we desire is equal rights for all men of all races and security for our fellow-subjects and for the Empire. I will not ask by what means those results are to be obtained. The hour for asking that has not yet come. But those are the objects, those are the only objects, that we seek, and we do not allow any other considerations to cross our path."

The "Daily Chronicle," the only important morning paper in London that has throughout opposed the war right and left, is greatly relieved by this statement, and with characteristic credulity expresses the belief that, if Lord Salisbury's words would be reported to Pretoria, and conveyed to the army before Ladysmith, they might even lead to the withdrawal of the Boer forces, with a view to their surrender to General Buller at a later period ! The "Westminster Gazette" too, hopes that Lord Salisbury's "declaration "will somehow get to Pretoria, and we hope still more that before our invading force starts north it may even be amplified by further explanations. Technically, the Boers are the aggressors, and we owe them no explanations. But, practically, we shall be doing much to put ourselves in the right, and perhaps even to shorten the war, if we let them know and let Europe know what, speaking broadly, are the terms which we intend to exact." Of course, Lord Salisbury traced the present situation to the unfortunate arrangements of 1881 and 1884 : "Under those arrangements, by which we deliberately permitted a community that was obviously hostile to enjoy an unbounded and unlimited right of accumulating the munitions of war to be used against ourselves, year after year that accumulation of munitions of war was made. By their very nature they could only have been directed against us, and, hampered by those arrangements, it was impossible that we should avoid the interval of trial and danger which necessarily intervened between the moment when war was declared and the moment when our forces to accept the contest could appear on the field." It is, therefore, he maintains, wholly irrelevant to attribute to that circumstance the length of time which has elapsed and the difficulty with which the preparations have been accomplished. Lord Salisbury seems to imply that the Boer military preparations were the direct result of retrocession. It would be interesting to know exactly when the Boers began to accumulate those resources, the extent of which Lord Wolseley admits has taken us all by surprise. There is a general impression that the forts were commenced directly the Transvaal Government was put into funds by the gold discovery in the Witwatersrand. This impression, I believe, is unfounded, the fact being that the Boers entered upon the task of laying in large supplies of material of warfare when they learned that the Jameson force was being formed. Still, if their idea was the creation of a huge Afrikander State comprising practically the whole of South Africa, which Lord Salisbury does not say, they would have built their forts and bought their guns even if there had been no Jameson raid.

LORD WOLSELEY AND THE BOERS.

I have referred to an admission by Lord Wolseley as to the Boers being much stronger than anyone expected. The admission was made at a dinner of the Authors' Society, at which he was a guest, on Monday. His precise words were as follows :—"We have found that the enemy who declared war against us—for they are the aggressors—are much more powerful and numerous than we anticipated." This remark has attracted very great attention at home and abroad. The *Times* speaks of its ingenuous candour, and wants to know what the Intelligence Department, of which Sir John Ardagh is the head, was about not to be aware that the Boers possessed siege artillery. The same journal says that when this war is over "We may have to recast our military system in some essential particulars." An apologist of Sir John Ardagh tells us this morning that, in the report rendered by that distinguished officer on the armed strength of the Boers, the number of their guns given, with their character and calibre, corresponds exactly with our recently-ascertained knowledge of what the enemy has put into the field. Moreover, as to numerical strength the Intelligence Department's estimate was rather over than under the totals said to be now arrayed against us. If this be true there is force in the retort that an assertion more damaging both to the War Office and the Government could not be conceived. "The War Office," observes one of its critics "may well say 'Save us from our friends.'" To a lay mind it does seem curious that, if our military authorities were aware all along that the Boers could bring siege artillery to bear against us, there are no guns of a similar character at the present moment in Ladysmith.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN AND THE RAID.

Mr. Ashley A. Froude, son of the historian, was engaged at the Foreign Office at the end of 1895 and the beginning of 1896. His position in Downing Steet, indeed, seems to have required him to make himself fully acquainted with all the correspondence, both public and secret, connected with the notorious Jameson Raid. Mr. Froude solemnly asserts that not only were her Majesty's Government no parties to that ever-to-be-regretted enterprise, but neither Mr. Chamberlain nor any other minister had any idea that Mr. Rhodes and Dr. "Jim" contemplated "so mad a scheme." I believe, from information received by me from a very good source, that Mr. Froude is right and Mr. Stead wrong in this particular. That Mr. Chamberlain was not in it is shown by the fuss he made in the Colonial Office where he bullimagged poor Mr. Wingfield, the permanent Under-Secretary, because the officials of that department were not in Society and knew nothing of what people in the upper world of London had been talking about for weeks previous to the fatal march from Pitsani. But is not Mr. Chamberlain himself in Society and why did he not learn something of the Society gossip, which, I remember hearing at the time, even percolated to certain questionable circles of *le monde qui s'amuser*. Still, to be perfectly just to Mr. Chamberlain, it must be remembered that the raid occurred at a period of the year when the gentlemen of England, among whom, of course, the Colonial Secretary must be included, are ordinarily living on their estates in the country. If Mr. Stead were to alter his indictment of Mr. Chamberlain to being privy to the secret movements of the Reform Party in Johannesburg, I fancy Mr. Froude's disclaimer, if he ventured to make one, would be framed in somewhat different terms to those quoted above. There has been a great deal of comment here on the reported appearance as spectators of Dr. Jameson and Sir John Willoughby at the memorable engagement of the 30th October. There are some people who think the conduct in question is, to say the least, rather wanting in good taste, and, with his usual frankness, Lord Charles Beresford for one has not hesitated to speak out his mind on the subject. Addressing a Conservative meeting at Whitby on Saturday, Lord Charles said he observed with regret that Dr. Jameson and Sir John Willoughby had gone to the front. In his opinion the raid was, both in design and in execution, the most contemptible occurrence in connexion with this country's history for many a year. He was quite certain it brought us into the difficulties with which we were now face to face. Probably these gentlemen had made an unintentional mistake, but he was satisfied that it was a mistake. What would foreign countries think of us ? They would think our Government sympathized with that raid. That affair caused our present troubles, because it made the Boers arm, and caused them to think they had only to show themselves in order to make the Britons lay down their arms. He hoped the misguided enthusiasm of Dr. Jameson and Sir John Willoughby would be corrected, and that they would be asked to go to some other place during the fighting. Even the *Daily News*, strong as is its animosity to the Boers, is constrained to join in Lord C. Beresford's protest, reminding "these men" that they were spared when their lives were justly forfeited, and that it is hardly for them to raise a hand against those who showed them mercy in their hour of supreme need, How are the mighty fallen ! At the present moment no one has a word to say in favour of the Raid or the Raiders ; so different from the attitude of some amongst us when "these men" returned to England after what Mr. Chamberlain himself described as President Kruger's magnanimity.

MR. J. M. MACLEAN, M.P., AND THE WAR.

Mr. Maclean is having to pay the penalty of the independent line he has taken in connexion with the war. It will be remembered that, although in the recent Session he voted in favour of supplies for the operations in South Africa, he supported in the division lobby Mr. Philip Stanhope's amendment censuring the policy which led to the Boer Ultimatum. This afforded a desired opening to the more bitter of his Conservative and "Liberal Unionist" supporters. They immediately set to work to make things unpleasant for their too candid member, and the result of their action was a combined meeting of the local Conservative and Liberal Unionist Associations to sit in judgment on Mr. Maclean. It appears that the management committee of the Conservative Association had previously met and resolved to recommend the Council to call upon Mr. Maclean to resign, it being further resolved to ask Lord Windsor, the Local Conservative leader, to move the resolution at a Council meeting to which it was decided to invite Mr. Maclean. For some mysterious reason the meeting, which had been fixed for November 3, was not held, and subsequently a joint meeting of Conservatives and Unionists was called for Wednesday. The following resolution was submitted :—"That, in view of the persistent unfriendliness of Mr. Maclean's attitude towards the Government, which he was returned to support, and especially his action with regard to their South African policy, this joint meeting of the Conservative and Liberal Unionist Councils requests him to resign his seat as member for Cardiff." The mover, a Mr. Ingleden, in the course of his remarks, referred to Mr. Maclean's opposition to the Indian sugar duties, whereupon the honourable member observed that Mr. Balfour had expressly stated he would not feel aggrieved at any action he took in that matter, and, later, the Associated Chambers of Commerce rejected the countervailing duties. The seconder, a Liberal Unionist, in order to pile up the agony, quoted copiously from Mr. Maclean's newspaper letters over the signature "Westminster." This naturaly exasperated Mr. Maclean, who left the room, remarking "I will come back when he has done." On his return to the meeting he was received with loud cheers. He then proceeded to defend himself :—As to "Westminster's" letters, he had, he said, "thought people could distinguish between the dispassionate observations of a professional journalist and his views as a member of Parliament. He found that was not so, and therefore he had, during the last year, sacrificed a considerable income to avoid having those letters quoted against him." On the general question he was not aware there was the slightest difference between the Government and himself. When the Government determined upon war he voted for the supplies. He was an Imperialist when Mr. Chamberlain was a Little Englander. He had been taken by surprise by what had occurred in Cardiff. Some months ago he had expressed the opinion in Cardiff that two years' difference in the franchise proposals was not worth fighting about, and, further, that an attempt to avenge Majuba by going to war with the Transvaal was to accuse for a blunder with a crime. Yet no one had ever represented to him that he was not in accord with the opinion of his constituents. Lord Salisbury had frankly discussed his letters with him, and did not regard them as disloyal. Mr. Stanhope's amendment raised a side-issue of past policy, and, as his views were well known, he felt he was bound to vote for it. A man elected to Parliament did not give his intellect and conscience into the charge of the management committee of the party. However influential they might be, a man would retain intellect and conscience, and vote in accordance with them—a course of conduct he should pursue again under similar circumstances. After some references to the Jameson Raid, he declared, whatever the issue of the war, it would not be the extinction of the two South African Republics. In the discussion that ensued, willing testimony we are told, was borne to Mr. Maclean's ability and his capacity as a Parliamentarian, but the resolution was carried with only three dissentients. Mr. Maclean said he should take the resolution which had just been passed into very careful consideration, so as to decide what was best for the constituency. He should take some time to arrive at a decision, because he did not yet despair of a change of opinion in the borough on the subject. I have not seen Mr. Maclean since his return to town from Cardiff, but he is reported this morning to have said that he had received several letters from prominent Conservatives repudiating the action of the meeting's management committee and that he did not accept the resolution of the meeting as being conclusive. It does not seem to have been especially well attended ; indeed, it is described, in papers unfriendly to Mr. Maclean, to have been "not nearly so large as at the October meeting of the Conservative Council alone." The comments of some of the Unionist journals on the meeting are couched in very angry tones. The *Times*, for example, is very indignant, because Mr. Maclean did not there and then commit the happy despatch :—"Perhaps," we are told, "he wishes to consult Dr. Clark, the favoured confidant of the Transvaal Government, who finds himself in an analogous position even with the ultra-Radical electors of Caithness." The *Globe*, between whose editor and Mr. Maclean there has never been any love lost, winds up an article on the subject as follows :—"For a member to declare that he will take time to consider his decision in the face of an emphatic vote of censure is undignified ; but to attribute the delay, as Mr. Maclean did, to a wish to decide what is best for the constituency is undignified and something more." The *St. James's Gazette* observes :—"We have no wish to be hard on Mr. Maclean, whom we warned in good time as to what would befall him. He is not the first promising M. P., however, who has been ruined by discovering how easy and pleasant it is to draw the cheers of the other side." The *St. James's* on this particular makes a little mistake. If Mr. Maclean is undone his undoing has nothing whatever to do with "the cheers of the other side." I feel sure that he would have been only too glad to dispense with them. He may not have been discreet, but I am certain that his unpopular views are conscientiously held.

ANOTHER "LOST MIND."

It has been an open secret in political circles that among Conservative pro-Boers who, though they wisely lie low, are not so scarce as many might suppose, was that well-known ex-minister known to his intimates as "Jim" Lowther, but it was a surprise to find that he had been unburdening himself to an interviewer. From the account of the interview that appeared on Saturday, we learned that Mr. Lowther considered it was a great mistake ever to allow the Transvaal dispute to develop into a war. "The country," he is said to have remarked, "and even those at the head of affairs, had not yet learned to realise what the war meant. No one seemed to have realised that the Boers could either put into the field so large a force, or that they could resist so effectually, as they had done, the British forces." "My own opinion," he continued, "is that it was not worth fighting about. Why should we go to war for the Uitlanders ? I think a great deal too much has been made out of their grievances. As a matter of fact, we saw it was a wealthy country, and we determined to have it." "Then you think," suggested the interviewer, "that the stories about capitalists' agitation have some truth in them ?" "Well," said Mr. Lowther, "I am not an anti-capitalist myself, but certainly think there has been a good deal more made of it than was necessary. The Government don't like to be told that it is a capitalists' job, but it seems to me that is what it amounts to." Patriotic feeling was high in Kent, and there was consternation among Mr. Lowther's constituents when they read the very outspoken utterances attributed to their popular member,—consternation that was not dispelled by the qualified statement in Mondays' papers that the right hon. gentleman had not authorised the publication of any views on the Transvaal question. At Margate, the centre of the division represented by Mr. Lowther, a public dinner, at which he was to have been one of the shining lights, has been abandoned, and everybody is asking whether he is to meet the fate of Mr. Maclean. It transpires that Mr. Lowther was given away by a fellow-passenger in a railway train with whom he discussed the situation without knowing he was in any way connected with the Press, and "who" to use Mr. Lowther's words in a letter to his election agent, "never afforded the slightest indication of being so." Mr. Lowther deplores his hard fate since he meant to be drawn into no public utterance just now, and in the circumstances it is to be hoped that he may be saved from the gibbet. The House of Commons cannot really spare Mr. Lowther, and, if the Conservatives send him to Coventry, he must remain out of Parliamentary life, for his views on fiscal questions, whatever those about the war may be, would prevent him being returned by a Liberal constituency. F. C. Gould has an amusing cartoon in this afternoon's "Westminster Gazette." The scene is one of those bowers of bliss which are to be, or at any rate used to be, found not far from Margate. The occupants are Mr. Labouchere and "Miss Jemima Lowther." Their conversation is as follows :—

Mr. Labouchere *to* Miss Jemima Lowther : *Oh, Jimmy, and do you really hate the capitalists ?*

Miss Jemima : *You mustn't tell anyone, but I LOATHE 'em.*

Mr. Labouchere : *Then you are mine !*

THE SAMOAN AGREEMENT.

Although there had been various vague rumours afloat a few days previously, the news of the arrangement about Samoa came somewhat as a surprise, and is in many quarters connected with the desire of Lord Salisbury's Government to recognise the friendliness which the Kaiser is undoubtedly showing us at a moment when that friendliness is precious and valuable. Lord Salisbury's references to the matter recall his famous description of certain "graceful concessions" in Siam. "Samoa," he remarked, "is not of itself a very important matter. If I were to tell you that it consists of the islands of Upolu, Savaii, and Tutuila, I am afraid that I should not add much to your knowledge, and I am bound gratefully to acknowledge that, having held the seals of the Foreign Office for many years, it has added largely to my geographical information (Laughter.) But Samoa is of importance because it did constitute a subject of difference between us and a nation whose good-will we value very highly. (Hear, hear.) I do not know quite clearly why the German people and Government attached so much importance to the island of Upolu ; but they did so ; and we have been very glad to find a means, without in the least diminishing the rights and advantages of England, to gratify their feelings and sentiments in that respect. To us islands only have a value, as a rule, in as far as they furnish good harbours ; and Upolu furnished a very bad harbour." A great hurricane occurred there some years ago, the British man-of-war escaped, but the German and the American men-of-war were driven on the shore. "Well," says Lord Salisbury, "under those circumstances we were glad to accept a renunciation of the treaty claims and rights of Germany in another island—the island of Tonga—where there is an admirable and unmistakable harbour. We take away the harbour, and the Germans take away the territory in which, for many reasons, they are specially interested ; and I believe that we have arrived at that very remarkable phenomenon—an agreement which is pleasing and advantageous in equal degrees to both of the Powers who have signed it." We have yet to hear from Australia what is thought there of Lord Salisbury's "deal" with the Kaiser ; but at home there is a general acquiescence, except on the part of the friends of the English missionaries who are by no means pleased with the arrangement that has been come to.

OLLA PODRIDA.

Ou dit Sir Charles Warren was offered the Natal command before the post was conferred upon Sir George White, but declined fearing that he would not be able to hit it off with Sir Redvers Buller. Both are strong, stubborn, and self-willed men ; and, if Sir Charles Warren had gone out, there is almost sure to have been friction. But we might have been spared the pain and humiliation of Nicholson's Nek.

In June last, when things were beginning to look critical in the Transvaal, a friend of President Kruger paid him a visit. The following conversation took place :—"President,—'Have you seen that the English Government are sending out troops ?'" "Yes ; I can't help it. What must, must." "But aren't you afraid ?" "No, I have right on my side. God is my friend. Wonderful things happen. Look in the Bible !" "But, President, how can you say you have right, when the world says not ?" "What is the world ? The Bible tells us the world is the Devil's, and it is. There's me, and the Bible, and God—and this is all I'll listen to !" This story is told by an Englishman who occupied a high educational position in Pretoria and who adds:—"The difficulty is that no one knows whether this is honest talk or simply cunning patter, and that is the difficulty of President Kruger's character. I suppose it is both. The same gentleman, writing on August 14, says :—"The Boers certainly don't want to fight, but they can't bear the humiliation of seeming to obey. The amount of hate Chamberlain has incurred is appalling. At the same time——is wrong in thinking that the Liberal party has our gratitude for having prevented war so far. As a matter of fact, it is the speeches of the Liberals which encourage the Boers in their obstinacy. To an Englishman outside England it is insufferable that there should seem to be two opposite plans, and two contradictory voices upon a matter of national policy."

The following extract is from a letter written on September 17, in a rural district of the Transvaal, by one who first became a resident in that country 20 years ago, who was in Pretoria throughout the first Transvaal war, and who knows the Boers exceptionally well :—"The corruption of the whole system of governing the Transvaal, and its baleful effect on every individual living in

midst of the camp, inflicting such terrible loss that the enemy were thrown into a state of panic.

THE CAVALRY CHARGE.

At that moment our cavalry, who had been steadily working their way up to the Boer camp, suddenly burst upon the enemy, stormed over the laager, and drove everything irresistibly before them. The enemy fled precipitately, leaving many of their number dead and wounded on the ground, for our shell fire had punished them terribly. The entire camp and its equipment fell into our hands. Complete victory had rewarded plans thoughtfully devised and gallantly carried into execution. Our success will greatly assist the Free Staters' plans, and possibly prevent them from giving us further trouble from this west.

WHERE THE FIGHT TOOK PLACE.

Besters is a station on the line from Ladysmith to the Orange Free State, about twelve miles distant, and is to the north-west of that town.

ENEMY'S GUNS SILENCED.

Estcourt, Nov. 5 (6-55 p.m.).—I am now able to furnish some official details of Friday's fighting round Ladysmith. The Boers artillery fire was accurate and well sustained, but proved ineffective.

Our cavalry were constantly out, the investment not being close enough to prevent it. The cavalry and artillery under Colonel Brocklehurst drove the enemy about 12 noon from all their positions with great slaughter. This attack was directed against a reported move of the enemy towards Pietermaritzburg.

Our artillery shelled three of the enemy's guns till it silenced them to silence. The casualties among our guns were slight.

The enemy is now shelling the town. Their artillery is being well handled, but is not producing much effect. The enemy took advantage of a flag of truce on Thursday to send in a Transvaal artillery officer disguised as an ambulance driver with the wounded to observe the effects of the Boer artillery in the town.—Reuter.

BOER LOSS REPORTED TO BE EIGHT HUNDRED.

Estcourt, Nov. 4, 4-15 p.m.—It is reported that the enemy lost 800 men killed and wounded and taken prisoners in Thursday's battle on Tatham's Farm, near Ladysmith.—Reuter.

EVACUATION OF COLENSO.

GALLANT FIGHT AT FORT MOLYNEUX.

Capetown, November 4.—In its account of the evacuation of Colenso the "Cape Times" says that the Boers endeavoured to cut off Fort Molyneux from the main body at Colenso. Captain Molyneux, who commanded, was, however, reinforced by a company of the Dublin Fusiliers, half a company of the Durban Light Infantry, and a few of the Natal Naval Volunteers. The little force fired on the enemy, scattering them and killing a number of men and horses, but itself suffering no casualties.—Reuter.

Capetown, Nov. 6.—The evacuation of Colenso was admirably carried out. Nearly fifty miles of hilly country lie between Colenso and Estcourt, on which the officer commanding at the former place had decided to fall back, but both men and horses behaved splendidly, and bore the trying journey well.—Reuter's Special Service.

NARROW ESCAPE OF DUBLIN LIGHT INFANTRY.

Estcourt, November 4.—The company of Durban Light Infantry, which was holding Fort Molyneux when Colenso was evacuate on Thursday night, narrowly escaped annihilation

That they did so was largely due to the timely arrival of a detachment of the Dublin Fusiliers which promptly went to their assistance when it was seen that the Boers were attacking the fort in great force with the evident intention of cutting off the outposts. The Fusiliers, who consisted of a company under Captain Hammersley (7 C), A. Hussey, half a company under Lieutenant Hood, and half a company under Sergeant Sheridan, opened fire at long range and effectually held the enemy in check while the small garrison made its escape.

The Durban Volunteers got away in safety, but they bear unmistakeable marks of the severity of their baptism of fire. Their accoutrements, clothing, and helmets are scratched and torn, and some of their number are suffering from slight burns. One of the garrison, a well known member of the Durban Swimming Club, was hard pressed by the Boers. He leaped into the river amid a shower of bullets, and diving repeatedly, reached the other side unscathed. Great credit is due to the Fusiliers for their prompt assistance. Their heavy fire inflicted severe loss on the enemy. Patrols are out all round Estcourt, and there is no fear of a surprise.—Reuter's Special Service.

COLENSO BRIDGES INTACT.

Estcourt, Nov. 5, 10-30 a.m.—Major MacKenzie, of the Natal Carabiniers, and Lieut. Silburn, of the Natal Field Artillery, who only arrived from London by the Umgeni on Thursday last, are already at the front at Estcourt with their respective corps.

An armoured train left at four o'clock this morning with the object of making its way to Ladysmith if possible. One company of the Dublin Fusiliers was on board. It returned at half-past nine. The officer in charge reported that he had proceeded beyond Colenso and had found that both the iron bridges were intact. The dwelling houses in the town had also been left untouched, and no looting had taken place, at least so far as the Boers were concerned, though he learned that one store had been looted by Kaffirs.

Brigadier-General Wolfe Murray, R. A., commands the troops here. At four o'clock this morning all the troops in camp were paraded under arms, but they were sent to their quarters half an hour later. The parade was ordered as a precautionary measure against surprise, although several companies of infantry were out all night on the surrounding hills for outpost and picket duties. Several prisoners were brought before the General and his Staff this morning. It is reported that the enemy are not within 25 miles of us.—Reuter's Special Service.

THE NATAL VOLUNTEERS.

HOW THEY SAVED THEIR GUN.

It is stated that the "Natal Volunteers" (Artillery Volunteers) at the necessarily hurried evacuation of Colenso had great difficulty in saving their gun. Scarcely ignoring the advice proffered them to spike their piece, these hardy colonists of Natal hauled their gun out of action by hand, but when lowering it down a hill the "man" and drag ropes parted (query—old and obsolete equipment), and the cannon consequently" took charge" and dashed to the bottom, where the carriage was hopelessly injured—at least, so we are told in the telegram although it is not easy to conceive how a strong iron carriage and trail could be completely disabled under the circumstances recounted. Probably the truth is that the wheels were smashed. This was a facer, but the sturdy Natalians undertook to bring their gun into our lines, and they did it by actually carrying it. To comprehend what this feat of disciplined strength means, it must be borne in mind that this particular piece of ordnance weighs just six hundredweight by gross British avoirdupois. It is a very modern weapon indeed, having been introduced into the service for Horse Artillery, as far back as 1874. The calibre, it may be remembered, is 3 in., and it is known officially as "Mark II. R.S." Artillery are hampered, perhaps, more than any other arm by the difficulties of close country, but English gunners have ever shown beyond all others an invincible determination to save their guns when in seemingly insurmountable difficulties.

THE FIGHT AT GROBLER'S KLOOF.

BAYONET CHARGE OF THE GORDONS.

The special correspondent of the "Daily News" at Estcourt sends the following message, dated 2-5 p.m., last Sunday:—

There is now good authority for the statement that there has been a big battle outside Ladysmith, and that it resulted in a brilliant victory for the British. Not only was the Boer loss in killed and wounded heavy, but it is stated that something like 2,000 prisoners were taken.

Natives who have come in here report that the enemy was completely routed. One party speaking of two big battles, gives glowing accounts of the British success. They state that after some fighting on Thursday afternoon north of Ladysmith, the Boers were caught up with on open ground. They once more attempted the surrender trick, showing a white flag. Our firing at once ceased, and our men advanced, not suspecting mischief, presumably to receive the prisoners. Having them thus at a disadvantage, the Boers waited till they got into close range, and then fired volleys. No sooner was the treachery realised, than our cavalry, followed by the infantry, with fixed bayonets, charged upon them, mowing them down in all directions. A native, in describing the scene, said our men "went through and through them like water."

The slaughter must have been great. While the cavalry were cutting down the flying enemy the Infantry had got up and were working with cold steel between their horses. The men with the pettiboats, as the Kaffirs describe the Gordons, appear to have suffered very severely. A lot of prisoners and loot were captured. Ladysmith is full of Boer prisoners and wounded.

On Friday three cavalry regiments and a force of volunteers proceeded to catch up the Boer commando, which was going south towards Colenso. This they succeeded in doing, getting to close quarters with sword and bayonet. The Boer loss was again exceedingly heavy. The commando was broken, and fled in all directions.

If these accounts are true (says the correspondent), then the advance body of the Boers at Colenso is in a trap. It is feared, however, that our loss in two such fights as those described must also be considerable.

In a later despatch, dated 5 p. m., Sunday, the "Daily News" correspondent adds: Further advices show there is no longer any doubt that a decisive victory was won outside Ladysmith on Friday. The reports which come in are singularly unanimous, now placing the Boer loss at 1,000 killed and wounded, and 2,000 prisoners. The Boers engaged appear to have been a portion of the northern force investing Ladysmith and the Free State column surrounding Colenso.

On firing being heard from near Colenso a British flanking force, consisting of infantry, cavalry, and artillery, moved out of Ladysmith. They came up with the Boers, who had taken up a position on Grobler's Kloof Hill, and had guns with them. Our artillery was at once got to the front, and opened on the enemy from a position on an eminence to the north.

Our fire was very effective, shell after shell being planted among the enemy, and they were finally driven out of their positions. In their retreat, however, they were obliged to cross open ground, and this was their destruction. In the meantime the Lancers and Dragoons had worked round the base of the hill upon which the enemy was posted, and, when their retreat began, charged in among them.

The Boer force was virtually cut in pieces. Those who escaped fled in the direction of the Free State. One of the Kaffirs affirms that hundreds were killed on the hilltop by the bayonet charge of the Gordons, and that the open veldt was strewn with the Boers killed in the cavalry charge. The above news (adds the correspondent) is confirmed by military cyclists who have arrived here and saw the slain lying out on the plain.

THE VELDT STREWN WITH DEAD BOERS.

In an earlier account of Friday's fight sent by Reuter's correspondent, the veldt was described as being strewn with dead Boers.

"BOERS HOWLING FOR MERCY."

The "Times" correspondent at Maritzburg adds some graphic touches to the other accounts sent. The enemy had displayed the white flag, and then, "as usual," treacherously fired a volley on the troops as they advanced. This infuriated our men, who charged cutting up the enemy without mercy, for which they howled. The camp effects were captured and sold in Ladysmith. It is reported that many prisoners were taken and that the enemy's casualties were very great. Our men the Kaffirs say went through and through the enemy like water. The above battle news (says the correspondent) is entirely from Dutch sources confirmed by native witnesses.

MANY BOERS TAKEN PRISONERS.

The "Morning Post's" war correspondent at Estcourt telegraphs as follows under Sunday's date:—Sir George White sent a strong force out of Ladysmith on Friday with the object of making a flank attack on the Boer commando then advancing on Colenso. The Boers took up a position in the hills, but were shelled with terrible effect by the British artillery. Being unable to withstanding the fire by our guns, they retreated but their force was practically cut to pieces by the British Cavalry. It is reported that the burghers had about a thousand killed and wounded, and that two thousand of them were made prisoners. The war correspondent of the "Daily Mail," telegraphing from Estcourt, says:—The enemy's losses on Thursday and Friday are stated to be about 1,000 killed and wounded and many prisoners.

It is reported that a party of Boers are going down through Weenen County in the direction of Maritzburg and are attempting to induce the Natal Boers to join them. The probability is that the force is only a heavy patrol sent out to gather recruits, rather than to attack Maritzburg.

BRILLIANT ARMOURED TRAIN PERFORMANCE.

A DASH THROUGH THE ENEMY.

Estcourt, Nov. 5, 8-30 p.m.—A brilliant little performance has been achieved by the armoured train which left here this morning to reconnoitre the line towards Ladysmith, and which has just returned here. It carried two companies of the Dublin Fusiliers, under Captain Romer. Close to Colenso the enemy were sighted near the line in considerable force. The Dublins at once opened a brisk fire, to which the Boers replied. Their fire, however, was quite ineffective, and, as they were suffering loss, they quickly retired. For some time they were lost to sight, but as the train cautiously advanced they were seen to be moving round on the left flank, with the object, it was presumed, of taking the train in the rear. To avoid this the train retired. It was seen that the Boers had no intention of attacking, but were in full retreat over the road bridge.

Immediately the Boers were perceived to be retiring a strong detachment, left the train and entered the town, while the train itself advanced slowly to the station. Several volleys were poured at long range into the still retreating enemy. Our men succeeded in entering Fort Wylie, and brought back four wagon-loads of shell, provisions, and stores.—Reuter's Special Service.

THE SHELLING OF LADYSMITH.

The "Standard" printed on Wednesday a telegram from its special correspondent at Ladysmith. It bears Friday's date, and was forwarded from Estcourt on Sunday. The correspondent says:—The bombardment of the town and camp was renewed early on Thursday morning. The enemy are strongly entrenched on the hills that overlook the town in the form of a semi-circle. Their famous big gun, "Long Tom," is securely posted in an improvised for constructed of boulders. The shelling by the larger ordnance is seconded by the fire of ordinary guns from the ridge near Lombard's Kop, and also from Intombi Camp and Mounted Hill, which lies three miles to the south-east of Ladysmith. The firing was, at the outset, of a desultory character, and was directed mainly at the forts and the 4.7 guns of Her Majesty's ship Powerful, which are being so ably handled by the Naval Brigade.

The telegraph line was cut yesterday afternoon. The Boers hold the railway cutting four miles away. The cannonade was suspended during the exchange of wounded prisoners, our men being brought in by the Boers. The enemy's fire was ineffective. Only two of our men were killed, and but little damage has been done to property.

Thursday night passed quietly. The shelling of Ladysmith was resumed at 6-30 this morning, and increased in intensity till noon. The Boers hold their former positions.

Headquarters had a narrow escape, and a shot from "Long Tom" completely wrecked the rooms occupied by a newspaper correspondent close to the Royal Hotel. Nobody, however, was hurt. Two shells also burst in the hospital in Market-square—The investment is not so complete but that it is possible to make excursions to the west in comparative safety. A number of Boers and horses were captured to-day by a force of cavalry and mounted infantry, supported by two batteries of Field Artillery, in a smart action near Pogieter's Farm. The troops were under the command of General Brocklehurst.

THE INVESTMENT OF MAFEKING.

BADEN POWELL'S MESSAGE TO CRONJE.

The "Daily Mail" has received an interesting despatch from its Mafeking correspondent, who, it will be recollected, left for Mafeking besieged city on October 15—after the first fight—to carry the news southwards to the nearest telegraph station. The despatch is dated outside Mafeking, October 22 (By despatch riders to Kuruman and by native runners to Cape Town, October 30). The correspondent says:—I have just reached here on my return from Kuruman, to find Mafeking closely invested by the Boers. I shall try and get through to-night. I have two fast horses, and will make a dash through the Boer lines at sunset. Mafeking was all right on Friday, October 20.

Cronje's great bombardment came off on Monday, October 16. It was a great fiasco although he had two 10-centimetre guns of four miles range and two 7-pounders of a carrying power of 4,000 yards. He fired plenty of shots, but made no hits. It was monotonous. During the cannonade the troops in the garrison were quietly smoking and yarning. Sixty-two shells were fired, and the total results were:—Convent hit three times, the hotel once, and a store once. But little damage was done to these buildings. One casualty occurred—a dog was killed.

In the afternoon a Boer messenger came in with a white flag. Colonel Baden-Powell was asleep, but he was awakened to receive the messenger. After giving the Boer lunch, Colonel Baden-Powell asked him to tell Cronje he would let him know when he had enough. Cronje, I learn, says he is sorry for the women's sake that he shelled the town, but it was not playing the game to send dynamite trucks among his men. Cronje, also says he, will send to Pretoria for a forty-pounder to demolish our position on the kopje. That is all right. Excavations have been made, and the guns will be put out of danger and remounted when the Boers are tired of shelling us.

The whole town—even the ladies—are laughing at Cronje's bombardment. There have been no casualties in Mafeking since October 14 (? 15). Up to date everything is serene. Small parties of the garrison are out every night harassing the Boer outposts. There is a considerable diminution in Cronje's command, some 1,500 having gone south. Mafeking is sanguine that it will survive attacks of the Boers, who are disappointed. They are easily choked off, for they cannot stomach being beaten at their own game by an inferior force.

ENEMY ROUTED WITH GREAT LOSS.

The enterprising and successful correspondent of "Daily Mail" at Mafeking has succeeded in getting through another message, which tells of the defeat of the Boers in an attempt to storm the town. The message is dated Mafeking October 23, and has come by despatch rider to Kuruman and runners to Orange River.

The Boers (says the correspondent) have bombarded the town for several days past with five 7-pounders, one 10 pounders, two Krupp 12-pounders, and one Krupp 94-pounders. Three hundred shells were fired in the course of thirty-six hours. We had four men only wounded, and the damage to the town was inconsiderable.

The bombardment was so futile that it was becoming a joke when, on the 25th, the object of it was seen. Having indulged in preliminary artillery fire, the Boers closed in on all sides, and made a determined attempt to "rush" the town. This attempt at storming brought out every single man of ours who could carry a weapon. It was indeed a magnificent sight to see how the little garrison turned out to meet a numerically overwhelming foe.

There was a fearful rifle fire. The maxims sent a hurricane of shot right in the teeth of the Boers, who wavered, broke, and stampeded in mad panic. They were driven over the mines, which exploded, scattering them in all directions. They must undoubtedly have suffered great loss, and they were completely driven off. All efforts to storm Mafeking so far have been thwarted, and the garrison is in the highest spirits. Indeed, Baden-Powell is in danger of becoming a victim of hero-worship. The Boers seem getting discouraged.

CAPTURES BY THE GARRISON.

Kuruman, November 3.—A despatch rider arrived here from Mafeking this morning. He reported that Colonel Baden-Powell had captured a number of mules and horses, and that fighting was going on daily at Mafeking, all the engagements resulting in favour of the garrison. Colonel Plumer's force was reported by the natives to be working its way down to Mafeking.—Reuter.

THE SITUATION AT KIMBERLEY.

MR. RHODES PLANTING VINES AND ORANGE TREES.

Kimberley, Wednesday (November 1), via Hopetown, November 4.—The enemy around here are pursuing their usual tactics, burning and destroying. A day or two ago we found that they had fired the De Beers hay stacks, and were burning the grass, etc.

The fifteen hundred men who were reported as having left Mafeking on October 22 are believed to have arrived here and joined the besieging commando, as the latter has evidently had a considerable accession of strength. They are seen in greater numbers, and are drawing closer all around Kimberley.

To-day the Boers made a demonstration from three miles east of the Premier Mine. They were about 1,200 strong. However, they did little beyond opening fire on two De Beers carts, which they did not damage.

Mr. Rhodes is making an avenue a mile long at Kenilworth. It is to be called Siege Avenue. A double row of orange trees with espaliers for vines will be planted on either side, the background being formed by pepper trees. A tremendous explosion was heard at two o'clock this afternoon. It turned out that the enemy had blown up one or both of the huts containing the De Beers Company's dynamite stores, some seven miles distant, near Macfarlane's Farm, the scene of Tuesday's fight. The amount of dynamite stored here was 1,400 cases, or about 35 tons, of the value to £3,500.

A parade was held to-day, and the garrison turned out in full force, comprising the Maxim and Field Gun detachments of the Cape Police and Royal Artillery, the Boers Maxims, and the Diamond Fields Artillery. Mr. Rhodes was present. The garrison orders issued to-day intimate that a Food Supply committee will be formed to make regulations in regard to prices and the distribution of rations. The weather is cooler.—Reuter.

According to a telegram from the Commandant at Kimberley, dated Nov. 2, there are great hopes of saving the limbs of Lieutenants Lowndes and Bingham, 1st Battalion North Lancashire Regiment. The wounded are doing well.

De Aar, Saturday, 11-10 a.m.—A Frenchman arrived here to-day from Kimberley. He had an adventurous ride, having been twice captured by Boers. He owed his release on each occasion to his nationality. The Boers were very anxious to know the condition of the town and the nature of the defences, as well as its exact fighting strength. The Frenchman says he declined to give them any information on the points required, though they finally offered him forty pound and a good horse, of which he was much in need, if he would do so. He believes the Boer forces around Kimberley do not exceed four thousand. He confirms all the previous intelligence that has reached here, namely, that the town is quite safe, and that the inhabitants are perfectly cheerful. The commando which is under the direction of Mr. Cecil Rhodes numbers one thousand.—Central News.

BRITISH SUCCESS NEAR TULI.

The following telegram has been issued from the War Office, having been received from the General Officer commanding in South Africa:—

Capetown, Nov. 8, 11-50 p.m.—Colonel Kekewich telegraphs from Kimberley, Nov. 5:" All well; no serious attack as yet; slight bombardment; no damage." Reports information that Mafeking safe on October 27, and that Plumer had successful engagement near Tuli on October 21.

COLONEL PLUMER APPROACHING MAFEKING.

Capetown, Nov. 8.—A despatch from Kuruman states that Colonel Plumer is reported to have reached Asvogel Kop on the 18th ult. (?), near Mafeking.—Reuter.

ARMED BASUTOS IN CAPE COLONY.

Aliwal North, November 4.—It is reported that the Boer commando, which is now at Governors Drift up the river, is about to cross into Cape Colony. It will probably join the Basbulis burghers who have already entered the Colony.

The natives are in a state of great excitement in the districts near Governors Drift. Many Basutos carrying assegais and guns have been observed in places where armed natives have not previously been seen.—Reuter's Special Service.

Maseru, November 3.—Since Sir Godfrey Lagden's determined action the Boers have been leaving the pont (ferry) alone, and the natives are crossing in safety. They reiterate their statements as to being robbed by the Boers. The Basutoland Government is not disguising from the natives the nature and extent of the British reverse at Ladysmith. It has been explained both to them and to the European residents that it is a mere incident in the war, and of no real importance as affecting the final issue. It is thought better that everybody should know the true facts, and that this is a wiser policy than to follow the example of the Transvaal and Free State Republics in concealing their reverses. Both Europeans and Basutos have implicit faith in the Government.—Reuter.

AMATONGALAND INVADED BY THE BOERS.

FURTHER MISUSE OF THE WHITE FLAG.

Lourenco Marques, Nov. 5.—A Kaffir runner has arrived here from Ingwavuma, Amatongaland, which he left on November 1. He brings news of the invasion of British territory by a Boer force 350 strong. The enemy advanced to Ingwavuma Fort displaying a white flag, but when within a hundred yards opened fire pouring repeated volleys into the fort which, however, had been evacuated. The message adds that the Boers burnt all Government Arbours, and that Bremersdorp in Swaziland has been thoroughly ransacked and burnt to the ground.—Reuter's Special Service.

NAVAL GUNS AS FIELD GUNS.

Capetown, November 4.—A most interesting experiment was carried out here yesterday, and proved an entire success. One of the 4.7 inch guns of H. M. cruiser Terrible was mounted on the new travelling carriage invented by Captain Percy Scott, and was handled round the country exactly the same as a field gun. Several of the 4.7 inch guns of the Terrible have been similarly mounted, and will be sent to the front.—Reuter's Special Service.

THE MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

THE EMBODIMENT OF THE MILITIA.

A special Army Order relating to the embodiment of the Militia was issued on Friday by the War Office. It is announced that the undermentioned Militia Infantry units will be embodied at their respective headquarters on dates to be hereafter notified, but not earlier than the 20th inst., and they will remain there or proceed to other stations under such orders as may be hereafter issued:—3rd Batt. Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), 3rd Batt. the Queen's Royal West Surrey Regiment, 3rd Batt. Northumberland Fusiliers, 3rd Batt. Royal Warwickshire Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), 3rd Batt. the Davonshire Regiment, 4th Batt. the Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Infantry), 4th Batt. the Prince of Wales's Own (W. Yorks Regiment), 3rd Batt. the Royal Scots Fusiliers, 3rd Batt. the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, 4th Batt. the Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), 3rd Batt. the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, 4th Batt. the East Surrey Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, 3rd Batt. the Border Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Welsh Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Royal Sussex Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), 4th Batt. the Sherwood Foresters (Derbyshire Regiment), 3rd Batt. the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Northamptonshire Regiment, 3rd Batt. the Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), 4th Batt. the King's (Shropshire Light Infantry), 9th Batt. King's Royal Rifle Corps, 3rd Batt. the Durham Light Infantry, 3rd Batt. the Highland Light Infantry, 3rd Batt. Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, the Duke of Lewis's), 3rd Batt. the Gordon Highlanders, 3rd Batt. the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, 6th Batt. the Royal Irish Rifles, 4th Batt. Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), 5th Batt. the Connaught Rangers, 4th Batt. Princess Louise's Argyll (Highlanders), 3rd Batt. the Royal Munster Fusiliers, 5th Batt. the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, and 6th Batt. the Rifle Brigade (the Prince Consort's Own).

The following Militia Medical Staff Corps units will be embodied at their respective headquarters on November 13:—Hampshire Company, Middlesex Company, Surrey Company, Eastern Counties Company, and Kentish Company.

OFFICERS FOR THE FRONT.

The Union Steamship Company's Royal Mail steamer Briton, which left Southampton on Saturday conveyed the following officers of the 2nd Battalion Somersetshire Light Infantry to Capetown:—Lieut.-Col. E. J. Gallway (commanding); Majors R. B. Williams and C. B. Little; Captains F. N. Pocock, S. H. V. Crealock, L. G. T. Chandler, E. G. Elgar, W. P. Braithwaite, A. B. Whatman, and C. Bowdler; D. S. O. Lieutenants W. F. C. Keith-Falconer, J. B. C. Thomson, C. B. Prowse, P. M. Wardlaw, A. H. Yatman, T. B. Maddocks, and R. H. N. Miers; Second Lieutenants A. W. S. Paterson, H. G. R. Burges-Short, H. J. R. Jeffreys, L. Little, J. M. Freestun, A. R. S. Sale Hill, E. W. Warhall, and J. S. N. Harrison; Captain and Adjutant E. H. Swayne; Lieutenant and Quarter-Master P. Moran; and Captain Holt, R.A.M.C.

THE REPORTED MOBILISATION OF ARMY CORPS.

Lord Lansdowne was engaged at the War Office till a late hour on Wednesday, and had several interviews with Lord Wolseley. Among the callers was Prince Christian. Despatches with regard to the situation were sent in the evening to the Prince of Wales. There is no truth in the statement that two more Army Corps are to be mobilised (says the "Standard"). Not more than one Division is to be called for, and that only if the utmost necessity for this seems to arise. Some of the authorities consider that sufficient forces have now been sent to do all that is required of them.

ANALYSIS OF CASUALTIES.

An analysis of the returns issued up to Saturday last, showing our casualties, killed, wounded, and missing, number 1,770 officers and men. The returns from Ladysmith give the losses at the battle of Farquhar's Farm as 39 officers, 34 non-commissioned officers, and 693 men, the officers were killed, including three of the 1st King's Royal Rifles, and nine were wounded, of whom three belonged to the 1st Gloucesters. Nineteen of the officers of the Gloucesters are missing, but their names were published on Wednesday last. The other five officers missing belong to the No. 10 Mountain Battery, R. A.

Our total losses at Ladysmith considerably exceed our combined losses in the battle of Glencoe, Elandslaagte and Rietfontein, which together numbered under 650 officers and men. The following is a corrected table, showing the loss sustained by each regiment. The killed includes deaths from wounds, and the missing includes wounded not otherwise enumerated. The missing men of the 1st Battalion Rifles (number not known) remains to be included:—

Regiments	Officers K	W	M	N. C. O. & Men. K	W	M
2nd Cameronians	—	1	..	4	—	4
5th Dragoons	—	—	..	—	3	—
Royal Engineers	—	1	..	—	1	—
RAMC	1	—	..	—	—	—
Staff	2	5	1	—	—	—
Armoured Trains	—	1	..	1	—	16
Ammunition Column	—	—	..	—	2	—
Naval Brigade	—	1	..	—	3	—
Border Mounted Rifles	—	—	..	2	12	—
Natal Carabineers	—	—	..	2	11	—
BSA Police and Protectorate Regiment	—	2	..	2	16	—
Natal Mounted Rifles	1	—	..	—	4	—
1st Gloucesters	1	4	19	40	107	332
King's Royal Rifle Corps (1st and 2nd Battalions)	8	9	1	24	146	61
Royal Dublin Fusiliers	2	3	4	4	49	84
Royal Artillery	4	9	..	8	41	36
2nd Gordons	4	9	..	22	85	3
18th Hussars	—	—	4	4	11	57
Royal Irish Fusiliers	2	5	17	—	2	2
Imperial Light Horse	1	9	..	9	35	1
1st Manchesters	—	5	..	11	32	1
1st Leicesters	2	1	..	2	20	13
1st Devons	—	4	..	—	34	1
19th Hussars	—	1	..	4	9	—
5th Royal Irish Lancers	—	—	..	1	9	—
Loyal North Lancashires	—	2	..	—	2	—
Dundee Town Guard	—	—	..	—	30	—
Cape Mounted Police	—	—	..	2	6	—
Kimberley Light Horse	—	—	..	1	6	—
Diamond Fields Artillery	—	—	..	—	4	—
Crocodile Poort Force	—	1	..	—	3	4
War Correspondent	—	—	..	—	—	—
Totals	25	70	58	199	720	698

Total Officers 153 — Total men 1,617

Grand Total 1,770

LATEST MAIL NEWS.

(Nov. 10th).

BOER TREACHERY CONFIRMED.

MORE LOOTING.

The following telegram was posted at the War Office to-day:—

"From the General Officer commanding in South Africa to the Secretary of State for War (received 10th November, 1-30 a. m.).

"Cape Town, 9th November, 9-53 p.m.

"I have received by pigeon to-day, from White, Ladysmith, the following message:—Bombardment at long range by heavy guns continues daily, a few casualties occurring, but no serious harm being done. The Boers have sent in to-day a number of refugees from the Transvaal under a flag of truce. A flag of truce from Ladysmith met them outside the pickets. When the parties reached the Boer guns fired on it before it reached our pickets. Major Gale, R.E., was wounded to-day while sending a message. Our entrenchments are daily growing stronger. The supply of provisions is ample."

NATAL.

THE RECENT FIGHTING.

Durban, November 6.

Prince Christian Victor has arrived here from Cape Town, and has proceeded up country. Although later report regarding the fighting round Ladysmith show the native statements regarding the extent of the British successes to have been exaggerated, it appears beyond doubt that there was some fairly severe fighting on the 2nd and 3rd inst., south and west of the town, in which the Boers suffered very heavily, while the British loss was comparatively trifling.—Reuter.

Pietermaritzburg, November 7, 11 a.m.

The position at Ladysmith has been strengthened within the last 24 hours. There was a heavy bombardment at Ladysmith on Friday, but little damage was done. Hostilities have ceased since. Gen. Brocklehurst drove the Boers back a considerable distance on Friday, disabling their guns. Our losses are eight killed and 20 wounded.—Exchange Company.

Estcourt, November 6.

Reliable information has been received here to the effect that Colenso is in the possession of the Boers. Signs are abundantly manifest that a movement is contemplated by the garrison here. The destination of the troops, however, is kept profoundly secret.—Reuter.

FURTHER LOOTING OF BRITISH PROPERTY.

Estcourt, November 6.

The armoured train has returned here after reaching the 170 mile post without seeing anything of the enemy. A native runner returning from Ladysmith was met, who informed the train party that the Boers had torn up the line within one mile of Colenso Station. The enemy, he added, were in the vicinity in great numbers. They had brought their big guns down again from Grobler's Kloof Hill, and had placed them in their position on the south railway, whence they had fired five shots into Colenso. Having ascertained that the place was completely evacuated they entered the town with five empty waggons, which they filled with goods from Edward's store.

The train party, after securing reliable information that Colenso was in actual possession of the Boers, returned, bringing the native runner with them, to Estcourt, where they arrived at six o'clock this evening. The Natal Field Artillery with its mounted escort, returned to camp at four o'clock this afternoon, after patrolling the surrounding country.—Reuter's Special Service.

Estcourt, November 7, 9-10 p.m.

The armoured train has returned from a reconnaissance of the country up to within half a mile of Colenso. There was no sign of the enemy.—Reuter.

CAPE COLONY.

MARTIAL LAW AT DE AAR.

De Aar, November 6, Night.

The order promulgating martial law in the district of De Aar is working well. All lights must be out in good time. Between six o'clock in the morning lights must be extinguished in all bars, and the military authorities have also taken measures against street loafing. The result is that the town is a model of good order. The weather continues beautifully bright and clear, and the health of all the troops here is very good. The disregard of the armistice by the Boers around Ladysmith last week has shocked the loyal Cape Dutch. I have spoken to several of the Dutch of this district, who all expressed disapproval of the action of Gen. Joubert's force. They consider the act in question quite outside the practice of civilised warfare and a discredit to their race.—Central News.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY'S SOUTH AFRICAN SQUADRON.

New York, November 10.

The South Atlantic Squadron now destined, under Admiral Schley, for South African waters, was originally intended to consist only of the warships "Chicago," "Montgomery," and "Wilmington." The battleships "Texas" is to be added to the squadron, with four of the smaller cruisers. Admiral Schley will, therefore, command a fairly good representative squadron, the increase in which can only be attributed to the intention of the Washington Government to show their goodwill to Great Britain in the South African contest.

CANADA AND THE EMPIRE.

Toronto, November 10.

A lecture on South Africa was delivered here last night by Dr. Parkin, Principal of Upper Canada College. It gave rise to an extraordinary demonstration of Canadian loyalty and sympathy with Imperial ideas. Every point which the lecturer made in favour of Imperial unity was received with tremendous applause by the vast audience. "God Save the Queen" was sung at the close with much fervour.

Among those present was the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Q.C., Solicitor-General, who, in the course of a speech, said that this was no time for idle discussion. All he knew was that the flag of his country was in peril, and that it was his duty to stand by it. He had absolutely no sympathy with those who thought or said that they should interest themselves in the wars of the Motherland, and who sought to restrict the obligations which this country owed to Great Britain.—Reuter.

A PARALLEL FOR FRENCHMEN.

Paris, November 10.

The "Siecle" publishes a letter on the war from an Englishman, who draws a parallel between Cape Colony and Algeria. He asks: What would the French Government do if the Italians in Algeria, who are subjects of France, just as the Boers at the Cape were subjects of Great Britain, founded a State in the Sahara under the protection of France, and afterwards treated their protectors as an inferior race, organised a conspiracy with those of their own nationality who had remained in Algeria to drive the French from Northern Africa. In a word, if the Italians did exactly what has been done by the Boers, who left the Cape owing to their discontent at Great Britain's abolition of slavery, what would the French do then?"—Reuter.

WAR NEWS VIA FRANCE.

Paris, November 10.

With regard to the Transvaal war all the papers are full of telegrams this morning, reporting numerous British defeats and the capture of bodies of British troops ranging from 500 to 2,000 strong. According to the "Matin," "the 5th Lancers have been cut to pieces, while the "Figaro" announces the capture of Mr. Cecil Rhodes during a ride from Kimberley.—Daziel.

AMERICAN COALING STATIONS.

New York, November 10.

Rear-Admiral Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment, in his annual report to-day says that it is impossible for the United States to operate during the present war, either in Europe or in South Africa, owing to the lack of coaling stations in South America, and in large parts of Asia, at which American ships could call on their way to Europe or Africa from the Atlantic or Pacific ports. It is of paramount importance, the Admiral says, that coaling stations should be established up each side of the Isthmus of Panama, near the extremities of the future canal. He also advises the establishment of coaling stations in Cuba and Porto Rico on the Yucatan Channel, the Windward Passage, the Mona Passage, and the Virgin Passage.—Central News.

EVACUATION OF LOBATSI.

The Rev. Tom Brown, who was in charge of the London Missionary Society's Mission at Molopolole in Bechuanaland, has arrived at Kuruman. According to Reuter, he states that on the night of October 15 one of Col. Baden-Powell's men, guided by a native came to Kanya, and reported that Lobatsi had been evacuated on the 13th, as a large force of Boers was approaching. The small garrison had lost their way, and Mr. Brown asked the chief to send men in search of them. This was done and the men were eventually found. They arranged to follow the searchers and instead, they found an opportunity of joining Col. Plumer's forces, which was reported as having reached Asvogel Kop on October 18.

The correspondent adds: Martial law has been proclaimed in the Gurunan district. The Dutch have been holding meetings during the last eight days by orders of the Landdrost at Vryburg.

THE BOER PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

INTERESTING DISCLOSURES.

The Luxembourg correspondent of the "Standard" sends some further particulars concerning the Boer plan of campaign. Without revealing the source of my information (says the correspondent) I may indicate how it has reached me. Among the numerous functions of Press subsidiser, Diplomatic Agent, and anti-British Machiavelli in official circles at Berlin, Paris, Brussels, and St. Petersburg, included that of military expert. In this capacity he obtained from a number of Generals and Staff tacticians in Germany, Belgium, and Holland, and probably elsewhere, a series of highly interesting and intelligent plans in reply to the thesis—What is the Transvaal's best plan of campaign on a rupture with England? The plan adopted, which embodied the merits of the others with his own, was drawn up by a General of European reputation, but there is no reason to believe that he ever thought his skilful scheme would be put into practical execution.

BOERS' DEFENSIVE POLICY.

In Natal, the Boers were to adopt offensive measures, and to proceed by successive stages of envelopping the rinfsior

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON FRIDAY, THE 24TH OF NOVEMBER, 1899.

SUMMARY.

The changes in pressure have been small and unimportant. Readings are highest in the north and lowest in Ceylon. Gradients are moderate to slight.

Winds are cyclonic on the Coromandel Coast while calms and variable breezes prevail elsewhere. The force has been fresh to light.

The temperature both maximum is above the mean of the season in many places. The highest temperature in the shade was 98° at Surat and the lowest 52° at Jabulpore and Ahmednagar.

Humidity changes are not important, and the skies are cloudy to overcast in Sind, Mysore, the Madras Presidency and at Agra.

Rain amounting to 0·21 cents has fallen at Trichinopoly, 0·20 at Negapatam and 0·01 at Jeypore.

The weather is in a slightly unsettled condition on and off the Coromandel Coast, and local rain is likely in Ceylon and at the southerly stations in the Madras Presidency.

G. L. TOWERS,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, Nov. 23.

Friday.—Pressure has risen slightly in the Punjab, and has fallen slightly in Bengal and Assam and has changed by small amounts elsewhere. The feeble depression in the north-west India has drifted eastwards over the west of N.-W. Provinces and the adjacent districts of Central India. Skies have cleared in the Upper India, except Kashmir. At Srinagar skies continue overcast and half an inch of rain has been received. No telegrams have again been received from the remaining Kashmir stations. A few light showers have fallen in the south of the Peninsula. Moderately heavy fall of two and half inches is reported from Trincomalee. Temperature has fallen rapidly in Punjab, and Madras Deccan. Mean temperatures are in defect in Burma and Madras Deccan normal in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, and west Coast of Mysore, and are in excess elsewhere.

THE FUTURE OF THE PHILIPPINES

THE REPORT OF THE AMERICAN COMMISSIONERS.

The Philippine Commission has submitted its preliminary report to President McKinley. It is of great length, and consists of a compact summary of the conditions which prevailed in the Philippines at the time when the Commission left the islands, and of a resume of the historical events which preceded the war, leading up to the original Filipino insurrection, with an account of the negotiations between the American commanders and the insurgents. The Commissioners also deal with the outbreak and progress of the present insurrection, and finally append a statement regarding the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government.

A notable feature of the report is Admiral Dewey's memorandum explaining his relations with Aguinaldo. The main idea of the report is that no other course is possible for the United States but to maintain its sovereignty over the islands and to force the insurgents to submit to American authority as a preliminary to the establishment of civil government, giving them the largest measure of self-government of which they may be capable. The report shows that Aguinaldo defeated the desire of his Cabinet and of many leading Filipinos to come to a peaceful agreement respecting the Government of the islands, and that the Filipinos brought about the beginning of hostilities. It further demonstrates that the Filipinos are incapable of self-government owing to the great diversity of their tribes and languages, even local self-government being impossible except under immediate American control or guidance, as was proved by the utter failure of the attempt to establish a native Government at Negros, conducted, as it was, under the most favourable circumstances.

THE STAFF COLLEGE.

THE RESULT OF EXAMINATION.

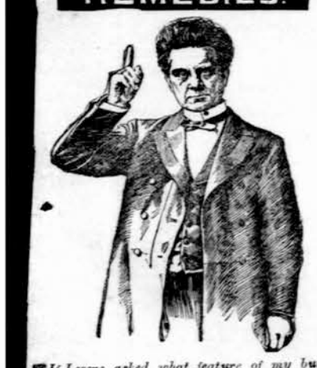
The following officers were the successful candidates at the recent competitive examination for admission to the Staff College:—

Brooke, Capt. R. G., D. S. O., 7th Hussars.
Tagart, Capt. H. A. L., 15th Hussars.
Combe, Capt. K., Royal Field Art.
Montgomery, Lieut. H. N. de F., Royal Field Art.
Wood, Capt. T. B., Royal Garrison Art.
Roberts, Capt. H. B., Royal Garrison Art.
Harper, Capt. G. M., R. E.
Fraser, Capt. T., R. E.
Bird, Brevet Major W. D., 2nd batt. Royal West Surrey Regt.
Lascelles, Capt. A. E., 2nd batt. Norfolk Regt.
Berney, Capt. T. H., 2nd batt. West Yorkshire Regt.
Copland, Capt. W. S., 2nd batt. Leicestershire Regt.
Welch, Lieut. M. H. E., 1st batt. Royal Irish Regt.
Duncan, Capt. J., 2nd batt. Royal Scots Fusiliers.
Marden, Capt. T. O., 1st batt. Cheshire Rt.
Solly-Flood, Lieut. A., 1st batt. South Lancashire Rt.
Marindin, Lieut. A. H., 1st b. Rl. High.
Yate, Capt. C. A. L., 2nd batt. York. L. I.
MacEwen, Capt. D. L., 2nd batt. Cameron Highlanders.
Rice, Capt. G. B. H., 1st batt. Royal Irish Fusiliers.
Moberley, Capt. F. J., D. S. O., Indian Staff Corps.
Richardson, Capt. C. W. G., Indian Staff Corps.
Taylor, Lt. R. O'B., Indian Staff Corps.

The following officers have been nominated for admission to the Staff College:—

Dallas, Capt. A. G. 16th Lancers.
Nairne, Capt. E. S., R. A.
Bolleau, Capt. F. R. F., R. E.
Wood, Capt E. F. M., Devonshire Regt.
Rose, Capt. R. J., 1st batt. Middlesex Rt.
Schleswig-Holstein, Brevet Major Prince Christian Victor of, King's Royal Rifle Corps.
Roberts, Lieut. the Hon. F. H. S., King's Royal Rifle Corps.
Churcher, Brevet Major D. W., 1st batt, Royal Irish Fusiliers.
Abercrombie, Capt A. W., 2nd batt Connaught Rangers.
Norie, Brevet Major C. E. de M., Indian Staff Corps

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES.



"If I were asked what feature of my business had contributed most to my success I would unhesitatingly say, "Telling the truth."—MUNYON.

AN EVANGELIST OF MYSORE SOUNDS THEIR PRAISE.

Mr. Ben. A. Arogzam, Evangelist, London Mission, Hoskole, via Whitefield, South India, writes: "It is nearly eight months since a box of your Asthma Cure was sent to me at my request. I tried it in my own case and found it to be the very best medicine I have ever tried. Kindly excuse me for not writing to you before this, and thanking you for the benefit I received. I am sounding the praises of your remedies far and wide. Being an Evangelist, I have many opportunities of seeing sick people, and find that they gladly accept your medicines when they see that one of their own country has found relief from Munyon's Remedies. I am a living advertisement for your remedies, as I have the greatest faith in them, and tell the same to all others."

Every Day Adds New Names to the Long List of People who have been Restored to Health.

☞ Send for MUNYON'S "Guide to Health."

47 Remedies for 47 Ailments.

Bombay:—BEYNON & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR, KEMP & Co., and F. B. MURZBAN & Co.; Jumma Masjid:—DARA BROS.; Crawford Market:—D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co.; Byculla:—N. POWELL & Co.; Poona:—BEYNON & Co. Igatpura, Lonauli, Mhow Bhusawal and Nagpur: The COOPERATIVE STORES; Nagpur J. J. VELLOZ; Hyderabad (Deccan):—LESLIE GAY & Co.; and all respectable Chemists.

Wholesale:—MUNYON'S INDIAN AGENCY, 23, Apoll Street, Bombay.

THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA.

TENNENT'S

J. & R. TENNENT'S Wellpark Brewery Glasgow TRADE MARK T Sir R. Tennent BREWED IN SCOTLAND PILSENER BEER

Per Case of 4 doz. Quarts— Rs. 22.0

Per Case of 8 doz. Pints— Rs. 31.0

LIBERAL DISCOUNT to PURCHASERS of FIVE CASES and UPWARDS.

PILSENER BEER

CALCUTTA:—Turner, Morrison & Co.
BOMBAY:—Aldridge, Salmon & Co., Ltd.
KARACHI:—Latham & Co.
MADRAS:—Spencer & Co.
RANGOON:—A. Sim & Co.

"CAUTION.—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is "protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of "India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any "colorable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all C

REGISTERED DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENGLAND.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.

"They are a Treasure." *Standard*

Sold by all Stationers.

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard.*

The Owl Pen is par excellence the "Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal.*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer.*

They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD., WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

BRICKMAKING MACHINERY

To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.

COMPLETE PLANTS A SPECIALTY.

C. WHITTAKER & CO., LIMITED,
ACCRINGTON, ENGLAND.

Telegraphic Address—"BRICKS," ACCRINGTON. Codes—"ABC" and "ENGINEERING."

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of *Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged.* Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.

ROGER & Cie, Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co, Agents in Bombay.
PREPARED BY: CLEMENT & Co, Valence (Drôme, France).

FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE.

None genuine without the "Elephant" Trade Mark.

Held in highest estimation for more than half a century.

CURES DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, NEURALGIA, GOUT, COLDS, DENGUE FEVER.

SUBSTITUTE.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice, Engraving, Copper-plate, Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply to SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:
DELICACY OF FLAVOR.
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY.
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED.
YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.
Sold only in ½ lb. and 1 lb. Tins.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

EPPS'S COCOA.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Superseding Bitter Apiole, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c
Obtainable from BEYNON & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists.
Proprietor:—
MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

THE GREAT REMEDY
BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS
FOR
Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago

The EXCRUCIATING PAIN is quickly relieved and cured in a few days, by these celebrated Pills. Sure, safe, and effectual. Sold by all Stores throughout India.

Electro-Mounted Glass Whiskey Bottle, Rs. 5-8.

Silver-Mounted Crystal Spirit Bottle, Rs. 23.

Silver-Mounted Crystal "Whiskey" Bottle, Rs. 33.

Silver-Mounted Crystal Cut Spirit Bottle, Rs. 42.

Silver-Mounted Crystal "Whiskey" Bottle, Rs. 32.

Silver-Mounted Crystal Cut Spirit Bottle, Rs. 30.

Electro-Plated Claret Jugs, from Rs. 22

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE

Cruet, Rs. 10.

Cruet, Rs. 18.

Cruet, Rs. 24.

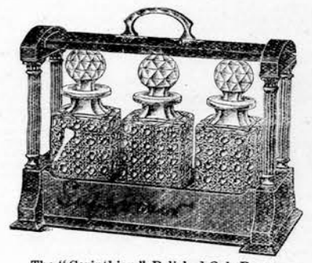
Oil and Vinegar, Rs. 29.

Cruet, Rs. 28.

Cruet, Rs. 22.

Polished Oak and Nickel Mounts, Rs. 52.

Ice Pail, Rs. 12.


The "Corinthian," Polished Oak Brass Columns, Three Quarts, Rs. 145.

Ice Pail, Rs. 39.

Polished Oak, Nickel Mounts, Patent Lock, Rs. 135.

GOLDSMITHS, MARCKS & CO., LD., SILVERSMITHS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

PROCURABLE EVERYWHERE.
SOLE REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE EAST
STANLEY OAKES
CALCUTTA.

MOIR'S Pure Jams.

Assorted kinds in 1 lb. Flat Tins.

Manufacturers:
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office:—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE.

COUGHS COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false.*

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times*, July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DARRHA DYSENTERY CHOLERA.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, state "TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURER*—
J. T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell Street London, W. C.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES
CHAMPAGNE.
GEORGE GOULET,
EXTRA QUALITY, EXTRA DRY.
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY, SOLE AGENTS

"HARLENE" FOR THE HAIR

THE VERY FINEST DRESSING.
SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
PROMOTES THE GROWTH.
ARRESTS THE FALL.
STRENGTHENS THE ROOTS.
REMOVES DANDRUFF.
ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1s., 2s. 6d., and (3 times 2s. 6d. size) 4s. 6d. per Bottle, from Druggists, etc., all over the world.

EDWARDS' HARLENE CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, ENG.

DRAWING an OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE.

Late Hours, Fagged, Unnatural Excitement, breathing Impure Air, too rich food, Alcoholic drink, Gouty, Rheumatic, and other blood poisons, Fevers, Chills, Feverish Colds, Throat Irritation, Sleeplessness, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Skin Eruptions, want of appetite, Sourness of Stomach, &c., &c;—Use

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Pleasant, Soothing, Cooling, Health-giving, Refreshing, and Invigorating.

NO HOUSEHOLD OR TRAVELLERS' BAG SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

IN HOT OR FOREIGN CLIMATES ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is INVALUABLE. It is the BEST and SIMPLEST preparation for regulating the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and relieves the system of acute GOUTY, RHEUMATIC matter, the groundwork of FEVERS and other diseases, which, if retained, poisons the blood, and produces the most disastrous consequences. It allays nervous excitement, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition by NATURAL MEANS.

The effect of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' upon any DISORDERED, SLEEPLESS and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is, in fact, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and an UNSURPASSED ONE.

CAUTION.—See capsule marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION. Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

BABES

THE BEST DILUENT & DIGESTIVE OF COWS MILK IS BARLEY WATER
Made From
ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

Of all Chemists.

Lanoline'

Natural Toilet Preparations.

Toilet 'Lanoline' *in collapsable tubes,*
Makes rough skins smooth, and protects delicate complexions from wind and sun.

'Lanoline' Toilet Soap
Never irritates; cleanses and keeps the skin supple.

Wholesale Depôt—67, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON.

Digitized with financial assistance of Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

LADIES!!

HAVE you heard of the NEW DISCOVERY?
No, what is it?
TRIPLE-SEWING MACHINES,
With all the Latest Improvements.
Simple to work, Elegant in Design, Strong and Durable.
The Days of the Old Sewing Machines are done.
Progress is the order of the day.
The TRIPLE-SEWING MACHINES give three kinds of Stitch :—

Lock Stitch.
Chain Stitch.
Embroider Stitch.

Highest Awards at Exhibitions.
Sold on Hire Purchase System.
Old Machines taken in Exchange.
Buying Agents wanted.

RUSTOMJI ARDESHIR & CO.,
SEWING MACHINE & CYCLE AGENTS.
CHIEF OFFICE IN INDIA :—
4, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

"G. B." FOR DIABETES. FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.
DIABETES
FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. WHISKY.
Sold by all leading Merchants in India.
HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.
Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,
GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

S. & H. HARRIS

FOR Boots, Shoes, Harness, AND ALL Black Leather Articles.
Does not injure the Leather.
Requires no Brushing.
ASK FOR IT.

HARNESS LIQUID Or Self-shining Jet. | JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.
Manufactory: LONDON, E.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk
Full Cream.

As a guarantee of quality see that the MILKMAID Trade Mark is on every Tin.
Largest Sale in the World.

The Signature of the Greatest Chemist of the Century.
You will see it across every Jar of the Genuine
LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT.
There are many inferior substitutes with which the Liebig Company has no connection, so always look for above signature in blue.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL
THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. O. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature
WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.
SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 21A, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.
Benger's Food
FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS & THE AGED
Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.
From an Eminent Surgeon:
"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."
BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

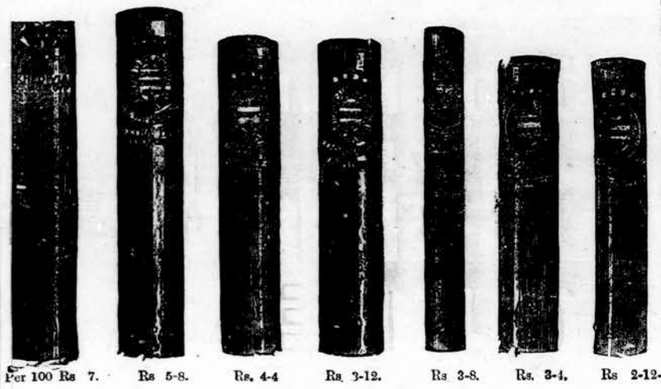
An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:
"For many years in India, a large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support" namely, REAL WORTH.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.
SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.
Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., GUILDFORD ST., LAMBETH, LONDON, S.E.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
COGNAC A.I. INVALIDS' PORT
"The Wine Shippers of the East."
Napier Johnstone's Whisky.
Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskie.
C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies, and every other Wine of Good Quality.
AMOROSO SHERRY PALL MALL WHISKY
BOMBAY.

NOTHING FINER COMES
FROM THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS THAN
THE ACME OF EGYPTIAN PRODUCTION
KNOWN AND SMOKED AS HIGH-CLASS
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

OUR POPULAR SPECIALITIES



Per 100 Rs 7. Rs 5-8. Rs. 4-4 Rs 3-12. Rs 3-8. Rs. 3-4. Rs 2-12.
AT CAIRO MANUFACTORY PRICE

THEIR POPULARITY WAS NEVER SO GREAT,
THEIR SALE NEVER SO LARGE,
AS AT PRESENT.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT AT,
TH. VAFIADIS & Co.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

MELLIN'S FOOD
For INFANTS and INVALIDS.
MELLIN'S FOOD CONTAINS NO STARCH, BUT CORRESPONDS CHEMICALLY AND PHYSIOLOGICALLY WITH MOTHER'S MILK.
MELLIN'S FOOD BUILDS UP HEALTHY AND VIGOROUS BABIES, AND REDUCES THE TROUBLES AND DANGERS OF VACCINATION AND INFANTILE SICKNESSES.
MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India.
Samples and Directions for Use, printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application to—
BOMBAY—Latham, Abercrombie & Co. CALCUTTA—Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. MADRAS—Oakes & Co. KURRACHEE—H. J. Rustomjee & Co. RANGOON—Latham, Black & Co.
MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LTD.,
CALCUTTA WORKS, REDCLYFFE ROAD, UPTON PARK,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

ALL WHO DESIRE TO HAVE SOFT VELVETY SKIN, CAN OBTAIN IT BY USING
BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola Regd
AN IMPROVED Preparation of their CELEBRATED GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.
IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCH ED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.
IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT
M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.
Bombay Agents.—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Ld.

DAWSON'S BOOTS
NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.
JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

PEARS' SOAP

"WAITING FOR PEARS."

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE
LUBRICANT
("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")
For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.
LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.
PRICE Rs. 2-12 PER GALLON.
Sole Manufacturers—ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.
Agents, with Stock—Messrs. MACBETH BROTHERS & CO., BOMBAY.

A WORD TO MOTHERS
ON THE FEEDING OF THEIR INFANTS.
Extract from the "Housewife Annual," 1896-7.
"THERE is not, perhaps, a more important question for a mother who is unable to nurse her infant than the selection of a suitable food as a substitute for that designed by Nature. Sometimes starchy foods are given to young infants which they are unable to digest, and as a consequence, instead of thriving, they remain thin and puny; and there are cases where fatal effects have followed such injudicious feeding. How important, then, for mothers in selecting a food to make sure that it is one upon which reliance may be placed!
"*Judging from repute, as well as from many excellent medical and private testimonials, the infants' food prepared by Messrs. Josiah R. Neave & Co., of Fordingbridge, may conscientiously be recommended.*
"A mistake may be made in classing this food with ordinary starchy foods, the use of which for young infants is to be deprecated. In a report of Dr. A. Stutzer, the well-known analytical chemist of Bonn, who is a director of the Chemical Laboratory of Rhenish Prussia, it is stated that the microscopic examination of Neave's Food, well cooked with milk, showed that no regular cellular structure of the vegetable constituents' origin could be recognised, and that the starch contained in the uncooked food was made fully digestible by cooking; and as regards the proportion of flesh-forming albuminoids and the bone-forming salts, there exists a perfect uniformity between Neave's Food and mothers' milk. A further important testimony to the value of this food, as relating to the matter in question, has been given in the *Medical Magazine*, edited by Dr. George J. Wilson, M.A., which states that the starch is so split up that after cooking no evidence of its presence can be detected by the Microscope; thus doing away in this particular instance with the objection that foods containing starch are not digested by very young children; and the fact that numerous children have been brought up from birth upon this food, with the best results, is the strongest proof of the correctness of what is stated. The *Lancet*, the *Medical Journal*, and other well-known medical magazines have spoken in praise of Neave's Food, also many eminent doctors in this country, as well as in Germany and America."
NEAVE'S FOOD has for some time been used in THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL FAMILY.
OVER SEVENTY YEARS' ESTABLISHED REPUTATION
NEAVE'S FOOD
BEST AND CHEAPEST. SOLD IN 1-LB. PATENT AIR-TIGHT TINS.

A New Era in Cod Liver Oil Manufacture.
We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil must by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.
With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces *the* pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take, easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.
THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS
PETER MOLLER'S
HYDROXYL-FREE
COD LIVER OIL.
The Lancet, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free* from the *tendency* to cause *unpleasant eructations*." This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.
The Chemist and Druggist (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil: the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process, one scarcely can tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."
OF ALL CHEMISTS.

YOU CAN TAKE

MALTINE with Cod Liver Oil when all other forms of the Oil disagree.
It is so palatable and digestible that "Patients unable to tolerate the purest and most carefully prepared cod liver oil can readily digest and assimilate it when combined with Maltine."
British Medical Journal.

THE ONLY RELIABLE DISINFECTANTS ARE
CALVERT'S No. 5 FLUID CARBOLIC,
In 8 and 16 oz. Ribbed Bottles at 1/- and 1/8 each; also ½, ¼ and 1 gallon Tins, at 2/6, 5/- and 8/6.
The quality adopted as Standard Disinfectant by the British Government after bacteriological tests: and
CALVERT'S CARBOLIC POWDER,
In 6d., 1/- & 1/8 Dredgers; 7 & 14 lb. Tins (to refill Dredgers), 2/6 & 5/- each.
Guaranteed to contain 15 per cent of CALVERT'S No. 5 CARBOLIC (the Strongest Disinfectant known), and lightly sprinkled through a dredger it is the cheapest and most effective preparation.
WILL NOT CLOG PIPES OR DRAINS.
Can be obtained at Chemists, Storekeepers, &c., but be sure that you get "Calvert's," and refuse imitations.
F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.
Awarded 80 Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas.

Do your HARNESS & BELT Repai WITH
Thomson's Slotted-Rivets.
NO need to send out your Harness, Belts, &c. that are constantly in need of repairs; it means loss of time in sending and waiting when you can do the job yourself.
No hole required to be punched simply drive Rivet as you would a tack, and clinch. Try them.

From all Iron-mongers and Stores in India
If unobtainable, a gross, assorted sizes, for 3/-, post free, from
BIFURCATED RIVET CO., Ltd., 10, Wool Exchange, London, England.
Agents Wanted.
"Stocked by H. H. VAISHY & Co. Indian Star Co-operative Society AHMEDABAD.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GRADY, at the "Bombay Gazette" Offices at No. 18 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.